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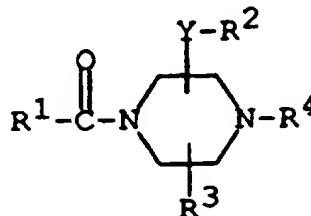
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(54) Title: PIPERAZINE DERIVATIVES AS TACHYKININ ANTAGONISTS

(57) Abstract

This invention relates to piperazine derivatives of formula (I), wherein each symbol is as defined in the description, and its pharmaceutically acceptable salt, to processes for preparation thereof, to pharmaceutical composition comprising the same, and to use of the same for treating or Tachykinin-mediated diseases in human being or animals.



(I)

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DESCRIPTION

PIPERAZINE DERIVATIVES AS TACHYKININ ANTAGONISTS

5 TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to new piperazine derivatives and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

More particularly, it relates to new piperazine derivatives and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof
10 which have pharmacological activities such as Tachykinin antagonism, especially Substance P antagonism, Neurokinin A antagonism, Neurokinin B antagonism, and the like, to a process for preparation thereof, to a pharmaceutical composition comprising the same, and to a use of the same as
15 a medicament.

Accordingly, one object of the present invention is to provide new and useful piperazine derivatives and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof which have pharmacological activities such as Tachykinin antagonism,
20 especially Substance P antagonism, Neurokinin A antagonism, Neurokinin B antagonism, and the like.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a process for the preparation of said piperazine derivatives and a salt thereof.

25 A further object of the present invention is to provide a pharmaceutical composition comprising, as an active ingredient, said piperazine derivatives and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Still further object of the present invention is to
30 provide a use of said piperazine derivatives or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as Tachykinin antagonist, especially Substance P antagonist, Neurokinin A antagonist or Neurokinin B antagonist, useful for treating or preventing Tachykinin-mediated diseases, for example,
35 respiratory diseases such as asthma, bronchitis, rhinitis,

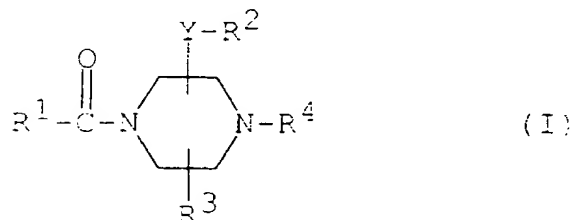
cough, expectoration, and the like; ophthalmic diseases such as conjunctivitis, vernal conjunctivitis, and the like; cutaneous diseases such as contact dermatitis, atopic dermatitis, urticaria, and other eczematoid dermatitis, and the like; inflammatory diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis, osteoarthritis, and the like; pains or aches (e.g., migraine, headache, toothache, cancerous pain, back pain, etc.); and the like in human being or animals.

BACKGROUND ART

Some piperazine derivatives having pharmaceutical activities such as Tachykinin antagonism have been known as described in EP 0655442 A1.

DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

The object compound of the present invention can be represented by the following general formula (I) :



wherein

Y is bond or lower alkylene,

R¹ is aryl which may have suitable substituent(s),

R² is aryl or indolyl each of which may have suitable substituent(s),

R³ is hydrogen or lower alkyl,

R⁴ is chloro(lower)alkenyl;

chloro(lower)alkynyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkenyl;

- N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)-alkyl;
triazolylamino(lower)alkyl;
lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;
5 bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)alkyl;
N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino-(lower)alkyl;
hydroxy(lower)alkyl;
lower alkylsulfonyloxy(lower)alkyl;
10 phenyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkanoyl, amino, lower alkanoylamino, di(lower)alkylaminocarbonyl or nitro;
lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkylcarbonyl;
lower alkanoylbenzoyl;
15 benzoyl(lower)alkyl which has lower alkyl, chlorine or di(lower)alkylamino;
benzoyl(lower)alkyl which has halogen and lower alkyl;
dihalobenzoyl(lower)alkyl;
di(lower)alkylbenzoyl(lower)alkyl;
20 3-fluorobenzoyl(lower)alkyl;
3-(4-fluorobenzoyl)propyl;
4,4-ethylenedioxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl;
piperazinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl which has cyclopentyl or halophenyl;
25 (2-pyridyl)(lower)alkyl;
(3-pyridyl)propyl;
(3-pyridyl)(lower)alkynyl;
imidazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
pyrazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
30 thiomorpholinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl;
(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonyl(lower)alkyl; or thienylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkynyl,
35 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(lower)alkyl,

4, 5, 6, 7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkenyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl,
5 saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl or
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl, each of which
may have suitable substituent(s),
and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

10 It is to be noted that the object compound (I) may
include one or more stereoisomers due to asymmetric carbon
atom(s) and double bond, and all of such isomers and a
mixture thereof are included within the scope of the present
15 invention.

It is further to be noted that isomerization or
rearrangement of the object compound (I) may occur due to the
effect of the light, acid, base or the like, and the compound
obtained as the result of said isomerization or rearrangement
20 is also included within the scope of the present invention.

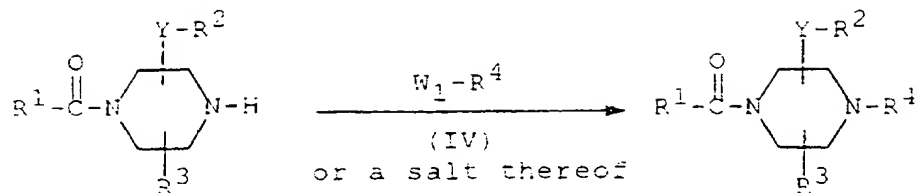
It is also to be noted that the solvating form of the
compound (I) (e.g. hydrate, etc.) and any form of the crystal
of the compound (I) are included within the scope of the
present invention.

25 According to the present invention, the object compound
(I) or a salt thereof can be prepared by processes which are
illustrated in the following schemes.

5

Process 1

5



(II)

or its reactive derivative
at the imino group
or a salt thereof

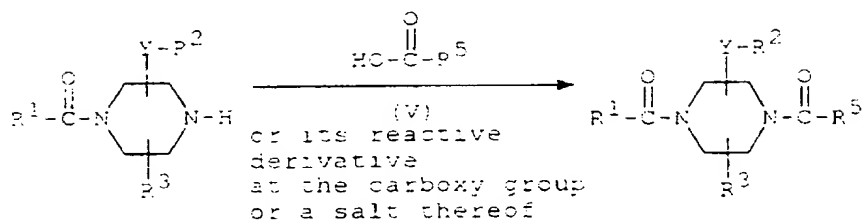
(I)

or a salt thereof

10

Process 2

15



(II)

or its reactive derivative
at the imino group
or a salt thereof

(Ia)

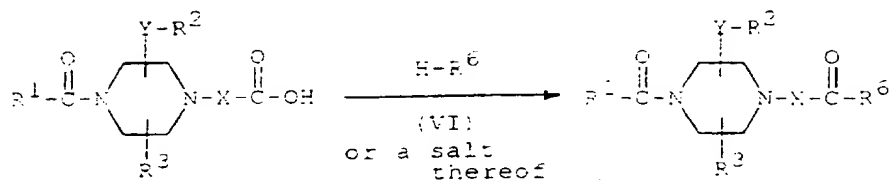
or a salt thereof

20

25

Process 3

30



(III)

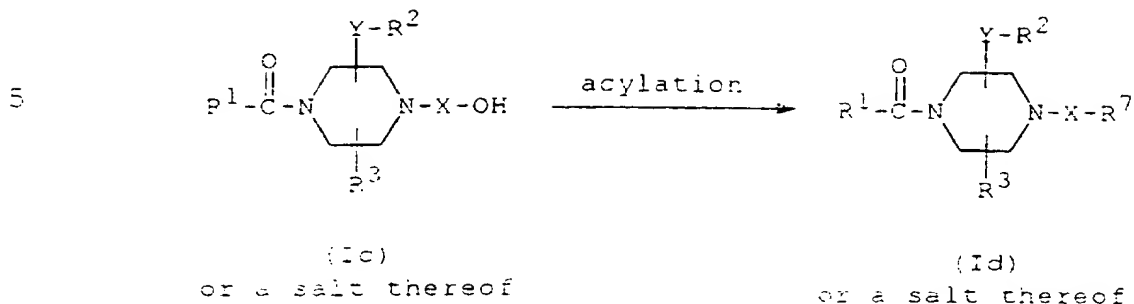
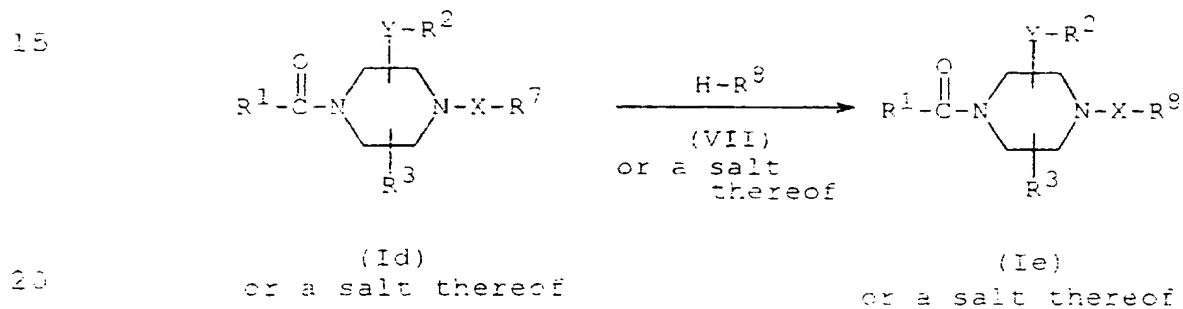
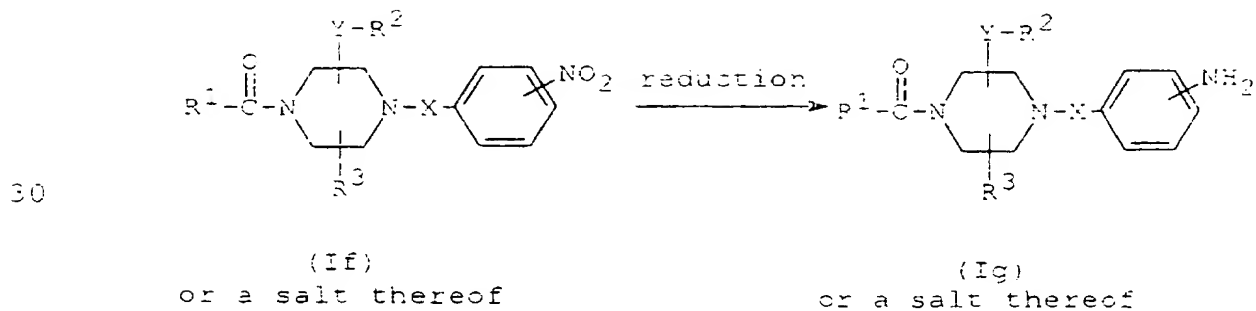
or its reactive derivative
at the carboxy group
or a salt thereof

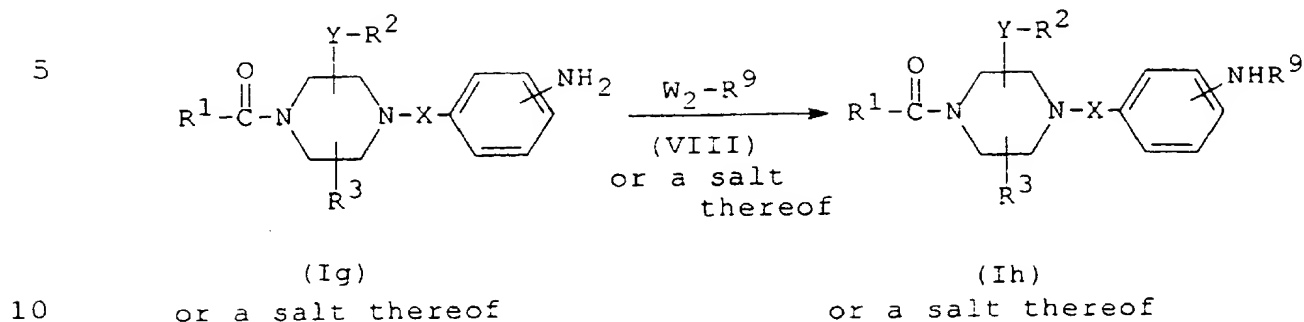
(Ib)

or a salt thereof

35

6

Process 4Process 5Process 6

Process 7

15 wherein
Y, R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are each as defined above,
X is lower alkylene,
R⁵ is lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkyl or lower alkanoylphenyl,
R⁶ is piperazinyl which has cyclopentyl or halophenyl; or
20 thiomorpholinyl,
R⁷ is acyloxy,
R⁸ is pyridyl(lower)alkylamino;
N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino;
triazolylamino; morpholinoamino;
25 lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino;
bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino;
N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino;
imidazolyl; pyrazolyl; or 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl,
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl,
30 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl or saturated
heterocyclic, each of which may have suitable
substituent(s),
R⁹ is lower alkanoyl, and
W₁ and W₂ are each a leaving group.

35

As to the starting compounds (II), (III), (IV), (V), (VI), (VII) and (VIII), some of them are novel and can be prepared by the procedures described in the Preparations and Examples mentioned later or similar manners thereto.

5

Suitable salts and pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the starting and object compounds are conventional non-toxic salt and include an acid addition salt such as an organic acid salt (e.g. acetate, trifluoroacetate, fumarate, maleate, tartrate, methanesulfonate, benzenesulfonate, formate, 10 toluenesulfonate, etc.), an inorganic acid salt (e.g. hydrochloride, hydrobromide, hydroiodide, sulfate, nitrate, phosphate, etc.), or a salt with an amino acid (e.g. arginine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, etc.), or a metal salt such as an alkali metal salt (e.g. sodium salt, 15 potassium salt, etc.) and an alkaline earth metal salt (e.g. calcium salt, magnesium salt, etc.), an ammonium salt, an organic base salt (e.g. trimethylamine salt, triethylamine salt, pyridine salt, picoline salt, dicyclohexylamine salt, 20 N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine salt, etc.), or the like.

In the above and subsequent descriptions of the present specification, suitable examples and illustrations of the various definitions which the present invention intends to 25 include within the scope thereof are explained in detail as follows.

The term "lower" is intended to mean 1 to 6, preferably 1 to 4, carbon atom(s), unless otherwise indicated.

Suitable "lower alkylene" may include straight or 30 branched one having 1 to 6 carbon atom(s), such as methylene, ethylene, trimethylene, propylene, tetramethylene, methylenemethylene, methyltrimethylene, hexamethylene, and the like, in which the preferred one is methylene, ethylene, trimethylene or methylenemethylene.

35

Suitable "halogen" and "halogen moiety" in the term "dihalobenzoyl(lower)alkyl" and "halophenyl" may include fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine.

Suitable "lower alkyl" and "lower alkyl moiety" in the terms "pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl",
"pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkenyl",
"N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)alkyl",
"triazolylamino(lower)alkyl", "lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino-(lower)alkyl", "bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)-alkyl", "N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino-(lower)alkyl", "hydroxy(lower)alkyl",
"lower alkylsulfonyloxy(lower)alkyl", "phenyl(lower)alkyl",
"di(lower)alkylaminocarbonyl", "lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)-alkylcarbonyl", "benzoyl(lower)alkyl", "di(lower)alkylamino",
"benzoyl(lower)alkyl", "dihalobenzoyl(lower)alkyl",
"di(lower)alkylbenzoyl(lower)alkyl",
"3-fluorobenzoyl(lower)alkyl", "piperazinylcarbonyl(lower)-alkyl", "(2-pyridyl)(lower)alkyl", "imidazolyl(lower)alkyl",
"pyrazolyl(lower)alkyl", "thiomorpholinylcarbonyl(lower)-alkyl", "(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonyl(lower)alkyl",
"thienylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl",
"1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkyl",
"1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(lower)alkyl",
"4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)alkyl",
"saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkyl",
"saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl" and "lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkyl" may include straight or branched one having 1 to 6 carbon atom(s), such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, pentyl, hexyl and the like, preferably one having 1 to 5 carbon atom(s).

Suitable "lower alkenyl moiety" in the terms "chloro(lower)alkenyl", "pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)-alkenyl", "saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkenyl" and "saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl" may include vinyl, 1-(or 2-)propenyl, 1-(or 2- or 3-)butenyl, 1-(or 2- or

10

3- or 4-)pentenyl, 1-(or 2- or 3- or 4- or 5-)hexenyl, methylvinyl, ethylvinyl, 1-(or 2- or 3-)methyl-1-(or 2-)-propenyl, 1-(or 2- or 3-)ethyl-1-(or 2-)propenyl, 1-(or 2- or 3- or 4-)methyl-1-(or 2- or 3-)butenyl, and the like, in which more preferable example may be C₂-C₄ alkenyl.

Suitable "lower alkynyl moiety" in the terms "chloro(lower)alkynyl", "(3-pyridyl)(lower)alkynyl", "1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkynyl", "saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl" and "saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl" may include ethynyl, 1-propynyl, propargyl, 1-methylpropargyl, 1 or 2 or 3-butynyl, 1 or 2 or 3 or 4-pentynyl, 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5-hexynyl and the like, in which more preferable example may be C₂-C₅ alkynyl.

Suitable "aryl" may include phenyl, naphthyl, and the like, in which the preferred one is C₆-C₁₀ aryl and the most preferred one is phenyl.

Suitable "lower alkanoyl" and "lower alkanoyl moiety" in the terms "lower alkanoylamino", "lower alkanoylbenzoyl" and "lower alkanoylphenyl" may include formyl, acetyl, propanoyl, butanoyl, 2-methylpropanoyl, pentanoyl, 2,2-dimethylpropanoyl, hexanoyl and the like.

Suitable "lower alkoxy moiety" in the terms "lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkylcarbonyl" and "lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkyl" may include methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, t-butoxy, pentyloxy, t-pentyloxy, hexyloxy and the like.

Suitable "saturated heterocyclic" and "saturated heterocyclic moiety" in the terms "saturated heterocyclic-(lower)alkyl", "saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl", "saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl", "saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl" and "saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl" may include

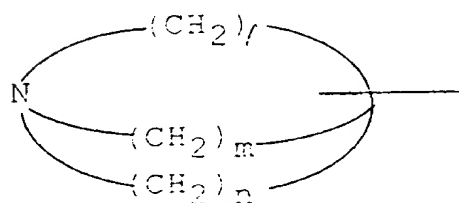
saturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 to 7-

membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 nitrogen atom(s), for example, pyrrolidinyl, imidazolidinyl, piperidyl, piperazinyl, hexamethyleneimino, etc.;

saturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 or 2 oxygen atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), for example, morpholinyl, sydnonyl, etc.;

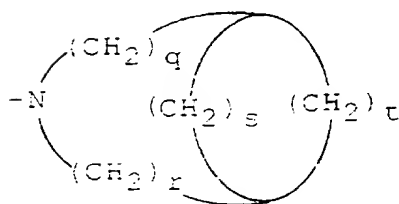
saturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 or 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 nitrogen atom(s), for example, thiazolidinyl, thiomorpholinyl, etc.;

saturated heterobicyclic group of the formula :



(wherein l, m and n are each integer of 1 to 6);

saturated heterobicyclic group of the formula :

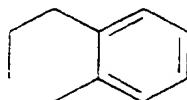


(wherein q, r, s and t are each integer of 1 to 6); and the like.

— 7 suitable "substituent" in the terms "aryl which may have suitable substituent(s)", "aryl or indolyl each of which may

have suitable substituent(s)", "thienylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkynyl,
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(lower)alkyl,
5 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkyl, saturated heterocyclic-
(lower)alkenyl, saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl,
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl or
10 saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl, each of which may
have suitable substituent(s)" and
"1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno-
[3,2-c]pyridinyl or saturated heterocyclic each of which may
have suitable substituent(s)" may include lower alkyl (e.g.,
15 methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl,
tert-butyl, pentyl, neopentyl, tert-pentyl, hexyl, etc.),
cyclo(lower)alkyl (e.g., cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl,
cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, etc.), lower alkoxy (e.g., methoxy,
ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, isobutoxy, tert-butoxy,
20 pentyloxy, neopentyloxy, tert-pentyloxy, hexyloxy, etc.),
lower alkoxy(lower)alkyl (e.g., methoxymethyl, ethoxymethyl,
1-methoxyethyl, 2-methoxyethyl, 1-ethoxyethyl, 2-ethoxyethyl,
etc.), lower alkanoyl (e.g., formyl, acetyl, propionyl,
butyryl, isobutyryl, etc.), lower alkenyl (e.g., vinyl,
25 1-propenyl, allyl, 1-methylallyl, 1 or 2 or 3-butenyl, 1 or 2
or 3 or 4-pentenyl, 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5-hexenyl, etc.),
lower alkynyl (e.g., ethynyl, 1-propynyl, propargyl,
1-methylpropargyl, 1 or 2 or 3-butynyl, 1 or 2 or 3 or
4-pentynyl, 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 or 5-hexynyl, etc.), mono(or di
30 or tri)halo(lower)alkyl (e.g., fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl,
trifluoromethyl, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl,
trichloromethyl, bromomethyl, dibromomethyl, tribromomethyl,
1 or 2-fluoroethyl, 1 or 2-bromoethyl, 1 or 2-chloroethyl,
1,1-difluoroethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, etc.), halogen (e.g.,
35 chlorine, bromine, fluorine and iodine), carboxy, protected

carboxy, hydroxy, protected hydroxy, aryl (e.g., phenyl, naphthyl, etc.), ar(lower)alkyl such as phenyl(lower)alkyl (e.g., benzyl, phenethyl, phenylpropyl, etc.), carboxy(lower)alkyl wherein lower alkyl moiety can be referred to the ones as exemplified above, protected carboxy(lower)alkyl wherein lower alkyl moiety can be referred to the ones as exemplified above, nitro, amino, protected amino, di(lower)alkylamino (e.g., dimethylamino, diethylamino, diisopropylamino, ethylmethylamino, isopropylmethylamino, ethylisopropylamino, etc.), hydroxy(lower)alkyl, protected hydroxy(lower)alkyl, acyl, cyano, oxo, mercapto, lower alkylthio (e.g., methylthio, ethylthio, propylthio, isopropylthio, butylthio, etc.), lower alkylsulfinyl (e.g., methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, propylsulfinyl, isopropylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl, etc.), imino, morpholinyl (e.g., 2-morpholinyl, 3-morpholinyl, morpholino), bivalent group of the formula :



and the like.

Suitable "leaving group" may include lower alkoxy (e.g. methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy, isobutoxy, t-butoxy, pentoxy, etc.), aryloxy (e.g. phenoxy, naphthoxy, etc.), an acid residue or the like.

Suitable "acid residue" may be halogen (e.g. chlorine, bromine, iodine, etc.), sulfonyloxy (e.g. methylsulfonyloxy, phenylsulfonyloxy, mesitylenesulfonyloxy, toluenesulfonyloxy, etc.) or the like.

Suitable "acyloxy" may include hydroxysulfonyloxy, lower alkylsulfonyloxy (e.g. methylsulfonyloxy, ethylsulfonyloxy, etc.), phosphonoxy, and the like.

Preferred embodiments of the object compound (I) are as follows :

Y is lower alkylene (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkylene, most preferably methylene);

R¹ is aryl (more preferably C₆-C₁₀ aryl, most preferably phenyl) which may have 1 to 3 (more preferably 1 or 2, most preferably 2) suitable substituent(s) (more preferably mono(or di or tri)halo(lower)alkyl (more preferably trihalo(lower)alkyl, most preferably trifluoromethyl));

R² is aryl (more preferably C₆-C₁₀ aryl, most preferably phenyl or naphthyl) or indolyl each of which may have 1 to 3 (more preferably 1 or 2, most preferably 2) suitable substituent(s) (more preferably substituent selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkyl, most preferably methyl), lower alkoxy (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkoxy, most preferably methoxy), mono(or di or tri)halo(lower)alkyl (more preferably mono(or di or tri)halo(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably trifluoromethyl) and halogen (more preferably chlorine or fluorine));

R³ is hydrogen; and

R⁴ is chloro(lower)alkenyl (more preferably chloro(C₂-C₄)-alkenyl, most preferably 4-chloro-2-butenyl); chloro(lower)alkynyl (more preferably chloro(C₂-C₄)-alkynyl, most preferably 4-chloro-2-butynyl); pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl (more preferably pyridyl(C₁-C₄)alkylamino(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably 2-[(3-pyridylmethyl)amino]ethyl, 2-[(4-pyridylmethyl)-amino]ethyl or 3-[(3-pyridylmethyl)amino]propyl); pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkenyl (more preferably pyridyl(C₁-C₄)alkylamino(C₂-C₄)alkenyl, most preferably 4-[(3-pyridylmethyl)amino]-2-butenyl); N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)alkyl

(more preferably N-(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(C₁-C₄)-alkyl]amino(C₁-C₄)alkyl, more preferably 2-[N-methyl-N-(3-pyridylmethyl)amino]ethyl);

triazolylamino(lower)alkyl (more preferably

5 triazolylamino(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably 3-(1,2,4-triazol-3-ylamino)propyl);

lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkoxy(C₁-C₄)alkylamino(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably 2-(2-methoxyethyl)aminoethyl);

10 bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)alkyl (more preferably bis[(C₁-C₄)alkoxy(C₁-C₄)alkyl]amino(C₁-C₄)-alkyl, most preferably 3-[bis(2-methoxyethyl)amino]-propyl);

N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino-

15 (lower)alkyl (more preferably N-(C₁-C₄ alkyl)-N-[(C₁-C₄)alkoxy(C₁-C₄)alkyl]amino(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably 2-[N-methyl-N-(2-methoxyethyl)amino]ethyl);

hydroxy(lower)alkyl (more preferably hydroxy-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably hydroxypropyl);

20 lower alkylsulfonyloxy(lower)alkyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkylsulfonyloxy(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably methylsulfonyloxypropyl);

phenyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably phenyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably benzyl) which may have lower alkanoyl

25 (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkanoyl, most preferably acetyl), amino, lower alkanoylamino (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkanoylamino, most preferably acetylamino), di(lower)alkylaminocarbonyl (more preferably di(C₁-C₄)-alkylaminocarbonyl, most preferably

30 diethylaminocarbonyl) or nitro;

lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkylcarbonyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkoxyphenyl(C₁-C₄)alkylcarbonyl, most preferably methoxyphenylmethylcarbonyl);

lower alkanoylbenzoyl (more preferably C₁-C₄

35 alkanoylbenzoyl, most preferably acetylbenzoyl);

benzoyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably benzoyl(C₁-C₄)-alkyl, most preferably benzoylmethyl) which has lower alkyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkyl, most preferably methyl), chlorine or di(lower)alkylamino (more preferably di(C₁-C₄)alkylamino, most preferably dimethylamino);

benzoyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably benzoyl(C₁-C₄)-alkyl, most preferably benzoylmethyl) which has halogen (more preferably fluorine) and lower alkyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkyl, most preferably methyl); dihalobenzoyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably dihalobenzoyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably (difluorobenzoyl)methyl);

di(lower)alkylbenzoyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably di(C₁-C₄)alkylbenzoyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably dimethylbenzoylmethyl);

3-fluorobenzoyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably 3-fluorobenzoyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably 3-fluorobenzoylmethyl);

3-(4-fluorobenzoyl)propyl;

4,4-ethylenedioxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl;

piperazinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably piperazinylcarbonyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably piperazinylcarbonylmethyl) which has cyclopentyl or halophenyl (more preferably fluorophenyl);

(2-pyridyl)(lower)alkyl (more preferably (2-pyridyl)-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably (2-pyridyl)methyl);

(3-pyridyl)propyl (more preferably 3-(3-pyridyl)propyl);

(3-pyridyl)(lower)alkynyl (more preferably (3-pyridyl)(C₂-C₄)alkynyl, most preferably 3-(3-pyridyl)-2-propynyl);

imidazolyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably imidazolyl-(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably (1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl, (1H-imidazol-2-yl)methyl or (1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl)

which may have lower alkyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkyl,

most preferably methyl);
pyrazolyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably pyrazolyl(C₁-C₄)-
alkyl, most preferably (1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl or 3-(1H-
pyrazol-4-yl)propyl) which may have lower alkyl (more
5 preferably C₁-C₄ alkyl, most preferably methyl);
thiomorpholinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably
thiomorpholinylcarbonyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably
thiomorpholinylcarbonylmethyl);
(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonyl(lower)alkyl (more
10 preferably (3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonyl(C₁-C₄)-
alkyl, most preferably (3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-
yl)carbonylmethyl); or
thienylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl (more preferably
thienylcarbonyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably
15 thienylcarbonylmethyl), 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl-
(lower)alkyl (more preferably 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl-
(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably 3-(1,2,3,6-
tetrahydropyridin-1-yl)propyl),
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkynyl (more preferably
20 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(C₂-C₄)alkynyl, most preferably
4-(1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-1-yl)-2-butylnyl),
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(lower)alkyl (more
preferably 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl,
most preferably 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolylpropyl),
25 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)alkyl
(more preferably 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]-
pyridinyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably
4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinylpropyl),
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkyl (more preferably
30 saturated heterocyclic(C₁-C₄)alkyl, more preferably
saturated heterocyclicethyl or
saturated heterocyclicpropyl, most preferably
saturated heterocyclicpropyl),
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkenyl (more preferably
35 saturated heterocyclic(C₂-C₄)alkenyl, most preferably

18

saturated heterocyclicbutenyl),

saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl (more preferably
saturated heterocyclic(C₂-C₃)alkynyl, most preferably
saturated heterocyclicbutynyl or

saturated heterocyclicpentynyl),

saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl (more preferably
saturated heterocyclicamino(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably
saturated heterocyclicaminopropyl),

saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl (more
preferably saturated heterocyclicamino(C₂-C₄)alkenyl,
most preferably saturated heterocyclicaminobutenyl) or
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl (more
preferably saturated heterocyclicamino(C₂-C₃)alkynyl,
most preferably saturated heterocyclicaminobutynyl.

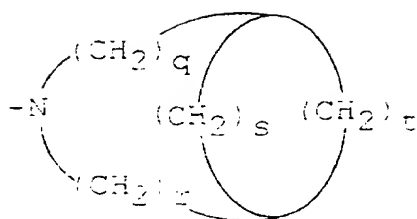
[wherein "saturated heterocyclic moiety" is saturated 3
to 8-membered (more preferably 5 to 7-membered)
heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4 (more
preferably 1 or 2) nitrogen atom(s) (more preferably
pyrrolidinyl, piperidyl, piperazinyl or

hexamethyleneimino, most preferably piperidyl);

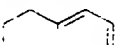
saturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 to 7-
membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 or 2 (more
preferably 1) oxygen atom(s) and 1 to 3 (more preferably
1) nitrogen atom(s) (more preferably morpholinyl or
homomorpholinyl, most preferably morpholinyl);

saturated 3 to 8-membered (more preferably 5 or 6-
membered) heteromonocyclic group containing 1 or 2 (more
preferably 1) sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3 (more preferably
1) nitrogen atom(s) (more preferably thiomorpholinyl); or
saturated heterocyclic group of the formula :

35



(wherein q, r, s and t are each as defined above)

(more preferably 3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl), each of which may have 1 to 3 (more preferably 1 or 2) suitable substituent(s) (more preferably substituent selected from the group consisting of cyclo(lower)alkyl (more preferably cyclohexyl), lower alkanoyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkanoyl, most preferably acetyl), lower alkyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkyl, most preferably methyl), mono(or di or tri)halo(lower)alkyl (more preferably monohalo(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably fluoromethyl), lower alkoxy (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkoxy, most preferably methoxy), lower alkoxy(lower)alkyl (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkoxy(C₁-C₄)alkyl, most preferably methoxymethyl), halogen (more preferably chlorine), aryl (more preferably phenyl), cyano, oxo and bivalent group of the formula : ).

More preferred embodiments of the object compound (I) are as follows :

Y is lower alkylene (more preferably C₁-C₄ alkylene, most preferably methylene);

R¹ is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 mono(or di or tri)halo-(lower)alkyl (more preferably bis(trihalo(lower)alkyl)-phenyl, most preferably bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl);

R² is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 suitable substituent(s) selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, mono(or di or tri)halo(lower)alkyl and halogen

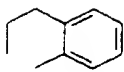
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(more preferably di(lower)alkylphenyl,
(lower)alkoxyphenyl, [trihalo(lower)alkyl]phenyl,
[(lower)alkyl]halophenyl, halophenyl or dihalophenyl,
most preferably dimethylphenyl, methoxyphenyl,
5 (trifluoromethyl)phenyl, methylfluorophenyl,
fluorophenyl or difluorochlorophenyl], naphthyl or
indolyl;

R³ is hydrogen; and

R⁴ is morpholinyl(lower)alkyl which may have 1 or 2 lower

10 alkyl (more preferably methyl),
homomorpholinyl(lower)alkyl,
thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkyl,
(hexamethyleneimino)(lower)alkyl,
(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)(lower)alkyl,
15 piperazinyl(lower)alkyl which may have phenyl or
cyclo(lower)alkyl (more preferably
piperazinyl(lower)alkyl which has phenyl or cyclohexyl),
morpholinyl(lower)alkenyl which may have 1 or 2 lower
alkyl (more preferably methyl),
20 morpholinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have a substituent
selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl (more
preferably methyl), lower alkoxy(lower)alkyl (more
preferably methoxymethyl, and mono or di or
tri halo(lower)alkyl (more preferably fluoromethyl),
25 thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkenyl,
thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkynyl,
pyrrolidinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have lower
alkoxy(lower)alkyl (more preferably methoxymethyl),
piperazinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have
30 cyclo(lower)alkyl (more preferably cyclohexyl),
morpholinylamino(lower)alkyl,
morpholinylamino(lower)alkenyl,
morpholinylamino(lower)alkynyl, or
piperidyl(lower)alkyl which may have 1 or 2 suitable
35 substituent(s) selected from the group consisting of

bivalent group of the formula :  , phenyl, cyano, lower alkanoyl, lower alkoxy, piperidinyl, and oxo [more preferably [spiro[indan-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-yl](lower)-alkyl, piperidyl(lower)alkyl which has phenyl, acetyl, methoxy, piperidino or oxo, or piperidyl(lower)alkyl which has phenyl and cyano].

The Processes 1 to 7 for preparing the object compound (I) of the present invention are explained in detail in the following.

Process 1

The object compound (I) or a salt thereof can be prepared by reacting the compound (II) or its reactive derivative at the imino group or a salt thereof with the compound (IV) or a salt thereof.

Suitable reactive derivative at the imino group of the compound (II) may include Schiff's base type imino or its tautomeric enamine type isomer formed by the reaction of the compound (II) with a carbonyl compound such as aldehyde, ketone or the like; a silyl derivative formed by the reaction of the compound (II) with a silyl compound such as bis(trimethylsilyl)acetamide, mono(trimethylsilyl)acetamide, bis(trimethylsilyl)urea or the like; a derivative formed by reaction of the compound (II) with phosphorus trichloride or phosgene and the like.

The reaction is usually carried out in a conventional solvent such as water, alcohol [e.g. methanol, ethanol, etc.], acetone, dioxene, acetonitrile, chloroform, methylene chloride, ethylene chloride, tetrahydrofuran, ethyl acetate, N,N-dimethylformamide, pyridine or any other organic solvent which does not adversely influence the reaction. These conventional solvents may also be used in a mixture with water.

The reaction may also be carried out in the presence of

an inorganic or organic base such as alkali metal carbonate, alkali metal bicarbonate, tri(lower)alkylamine, pyridine, N-(lower)alkylmorpholine, N,N-di(lower)alkylbenzylamine, or the like.

5 The reaction temperature is not critical, and the reaction is usually carried out under cooling to heating.

Process 2

10 The object compound (Ia) or a salt thereof can be prepared by reacting the compound (V) or its reactive derivative at the carboxy group or a salt thereof with the compound (II) or its reactive derivative at the imino group or a salt thereof.

15 Suitable reactive derivative at the carboxy group of the compound (V) may include an acid halide, an acid anhydride, an activated amide, an activated ester, and the like. The suitable example of the reactive derivative may be an acid chloride; an acid azide; a mixed acid anhydride with an acid such as substituted phosphoric acid [e.g. dialkylphosphoric acid, phenylphosphoric acid, diphenylphosphoric acid, 20 dibenzylphosphoric acid, halogenated phosphoric acid, etc.], dialkylphosphorous acid, lower alkanesulfonic acid [e.g. methanesulfonic acid, ethanesulfonic acid, etc.], sulfurous acid, thiosulfuric acid, sulfuric acid, aliphatic carboxylic acid [e.g. acetic acid, propionic acid, butyric acid, 25 isobutyric acid, pivalic acid, valeric acid, isovaleric acid, 2-ethylbutyric acid, trichloroacetic acid, etc.] or aromaticcarboxylic acid [e.g. benzoic acid, etc.]; a symmetrical and anhydride; an activated amide with 30 imidazole, 4-substituted imidazole, dimethylpyrazole, triazole or tetrazole; or an activated ester [e.g. cyanomethyl ester, methoxymethyl ester, dimethyliminomethyl [(CH₃)₂N⁺=CH-] ester, vinyl ester, propargyl ester, p-nitrophenyl ester, 2,4-dinitrophenyl ester, trichlorophenyl 35 ester, pentachlorophenyl ester, mesylphenyl ester,

phenylazophenyl ester, phenyl thioester, p-nitrophenyl thioester, p-cresyl thioester, carboxymethyl thioester, pyranyl ester, pyridyl ester, piperidyl ester, 8-quinolyl thioester, etc.), or an ester with a N-hydroxy compound [e.g. N,N-dimethylhydroxylamine, 1-hydroxy-2-(1H)-pyridone, N-hydroxysuccinimide, N-hydroxyphthalimide, 1-hydroxy-1H-benzotriazole, etc.], and the like. These reactive derivatives can optionally be selected from them according to the kind of the compound (V) to be used.

The reaction is usually carried out in a conventional solvent such as water, alcohol [e.g. methanol, ethanol, etc.], acetone, dioxane, acetonitrile, chloroform, methylene chloride, ethylene chloride, tetrahydrofuran, ethyl acetate, N,N-dimethylformamide, pyridine or any other organic solvent which does not adversely influence the reaction. These conventional solvents may also be used in a mixture with water.

In this reaction, when the compound (V) is used in a free acid form or a salt thereof, the reaction is preferably carried out in the presence of a conventional condensing agent such as N,N'-dichlorohexylcarbodiimide; N-cyclohexyl-N'-morpholinoethylcarbodiimide; N-cyclohexyl-N'-(4-diethylaminocyclohexyl)carbodiimide; N,N'-diethylcarbodiimide; N,N'-diisopropylcarbodiimide; N-ethyl-N'-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide; pentamethyleneketene-N-cyclohexylimine; diphenylketene-N-cyclohexylimine; ethoxyacetylene; 1-alkoxy-1-chloroethylene; trialkyl phosphite; ethyl polyphosphate; isopropyl polyphosphate; phosphorus oxychloride (phosphoryl chloride); phosphorus trichloride; diphenyl phosphorylazide; thienyl chloride; oxalyl chloride; lower alkyl haloformate [e.g. ethyl chloroformate, isopropyl chloroformate, etc.]; triphenylphosphine; 2-ethyl-7-hydroxybenzisoxazolium salt; 2-ethyl-5-(m-sulfophenyl)-isoxazolium hydroxide intramolecular salt;

1-(p-chlorobenzenesulfonyloxy)-6-chloro-1H-benzotriazole;
2-chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide;
1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride;
so-called wilsmeier reagent prepared by the reaction of N,N-
5 dimethylformamide with thionyl chloride, phosgene,
trichloromethyl chloroformate, phosphorus oxychloride, etc.;
or the like.

The reaction may also be carried out in the presence of
an inorganic or organic base such as alkali metal carbonate,
10 alkali metal bicarbonate, tri(lower)alkylamine, pyridine,
N-(lower)alkylmorpholine, N,N-di(lower)alkylbenzylamine, or
the like.

The reaction temperature is not critical, and the
reaction is usually carried out under cooling to warming.

15 Process 3

The object compound (Ib) or a salt thereof can be
prepared by reacting the compound (III) or its reactive
derivative at the carboxy group or a salt thereof with the
20 compound (VI) or a salt thereof.

The reaction mode and reaction conditions of this
reaction are to be referred to those as explained in Process
2.

25 Process 4

The object compound (Id) or a salt thereof can be
prepared by subjecting the compound (Ic) or a salt thereof to
an acylation reaction.

The reaction can be carried out in the manner disclosed
30 in Example 20 mentioned later or similar manners thereto.

Process 5

The compound (Ie) or a salt thereof can be prepared by
reacting the compound (Id) or a salt thereof with the
35 compound (VII) or a salt thereof.

This reaction is usually carried out in a solvent such as water, alcohol (e.g., methanol, ethanol, etc.), benzene, N,N-dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran, toluene, methylene chloride, ethylene dichloride, chloroform, dioxane,
5 acetonitrile, diethyl ether or any other solvents which do not adversely affect the reaction, or the mixture thereof.

The reaction temperature is not critical and the reaction is usually carried out under cooling to heating.

The reaction may be also carried out in the presence of
10 an inorganic or an organic base such as alkali metal (e.g., sodium, potassium, etc.), alkali metal hydroxide (e.g., sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, etc.), alkali metal hydrogencarbonate (e.g., sodium hydrogencarbonate, potassium hydrogencarbonate, etc.), alkali metal carbonate (e.g.,
15 sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, etc.), tri(lower)alkylamine (e.g., trimethylamine, triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine, etc.), alkali metal hydride (e.g., sodium hydride, etc.), alkali metal (lower)alkoxide (e.g., sodium methoxide, sodium ethoxide, etc.), pyridine, lutidine,
20 picoline, dimethylaminopyridine, N-(lower)alkylmorpholine, N,N-di(lower)alkylbenzylamine, N,N-di(lower)alkylaniline or the like.

When the base and/or the starting compound are in liquid, they can be used also as a solvent.

25

Process 6

The object compound (Ig) or a salt thereof can be prepared by subjecting the compound (If) or a salt thereof to a reduction reaction.

30

The reaction can be carried out in the manner disclosed in Example 29 mentioned later or similar manners thereto.

Process 7

The object compound (Ih) or a salt thereof can be
35 prepared by subjecting the compound (Ig) or a salt thereof to

acylation reaction.

The reaction can be carried out in the manner disclosed in Example 31 mentioned later or similar manners thereto.

5 The object compound (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof have pharmacological activities such as Tachykinin antagonism, especially Substance P antagonism, Neurokinin A antagonism or Neurokinin B antagonism, and therefore are useful for treating or preventing Tachykinin-
10 mediated diseases, particularly Substance P-mediated diseases, for example, respiratory diseases such as asthma, bronchitis (e.g. chronic bronchitis, acute bronchitis and diffuse panbronchiolitis, etc.), rhinitis, cough, expectoration, and the like;
15 ophthalmic diseases such as conjunctivitis, vernal conjunctivitis, and the like;
 cutaneous diseases such as contact dermatitis, atopic dermatitis, urticaria, and other eczematoid dermatitis, and the like; inflammatory diseases such as rheumatoid arthritis,
20 osteoarthritis, and the like;
 pains or aches (e.g. migraine, headache, cluster headache, toothache, cancerous pain, back pain, neuralgia, etc.); and the like.

 Further, it is expected that the object compound (I) and
25 a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of the present invention are useful for treating or preventing ophthalmic diseases such as glaucoma, uveitis, and the like;
 gastrointestinal diseases such as ulcer, ulcerative colitis, irritable bowel syndrome, food allergy, and the like;
30 inflammatory diseases such as nephritis, and the like;
 circulatory diseases such as hypertension, angina pectoris, cardiac failure, thrombosis, Raynaud's disease, and the like;
 epilepsy; spastic paralysis; pollakiuria; cystitis; bladder detrusor hyperreflexia; urinary incontinence; Parkinson
35 diseases; dementia; AIDS related dementia; Alzheimer's

diseases; Down's syndrome; Huntington's chorea; carcinoid syndrome; disorders related to immune enhancement or suppression; disorders caused by *Helicobacter pylori* or another spiral urease-positive gram-negative bacterium; sunburn; angiogenesis or diseases caused by angiogenesis; and the like.

It is furthermore expected that the object compound (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of the present invention are useful for treating or preventing chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases, particularly chronic pulmonary emphysema; iritis; proliferative vitreoretinopathy; psoriasis; inflammatory intestinal diseases, particularly Crohn's diseases; hepatitis; superficial pain on congelation, burn, herpes zoster or diabetic neuropathy; tenalgia attended to hyperlipidemia; postoperative neuroma, particularly of mastectomy; vulvar vestibulitis; hemodialysis-associated itching; lichen planus; laryngopharyngitis; bronchiectasis; coniosis; whooping cough; pulmonary tuberculosis; cystic fibrosis; emesis; mental diseases, particularly anxiety, depression, dysthymic disorders and schizophrenia; demyelinating diseases such as multiple sclerosis and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis; attenuation of morphine withdrawal; oedema, such as oedema caused by thermal injury; small cell carcinomas, particularly small cell lung cancer (SCLC); hypersensitivity disorders such as poison ivy; fibrosing and collagen diseases such as scleroderma and eosinophilic fasciitis; reflex sympathetic dystrophy such as shoulder/hand syndrome; addiction disorders such as alcoholism; stress related somatic disorders; rheumatic diseases such as fibrositis; and the like.

Furthermore, the object compound (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of the present invention are Central Nervous System (CNS) penetrant.

For therapeutic purpose, the compound (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof of the present invention can be used in a form of pharmaceutical preparation containing one of said compound, as an active ingredient, in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier such as an organic or inorganic solid or liquid excipient suitable for oral, parenteral, external including topical, internal, intravenous, intramuscular, inhalant, nasal, intraarticular, intraspinal, transtracheal or transocular administration. The pharmaceutical preparations may be solid, semi-solid or solutions such as capsules, tablets, pellets, dragees, powders, granules, suppositories, ointments, creams, lotions, inhalants, injections, cataplasms, gels, tapes, eye drops, solution, syrups, aerosols, suspension, emulsion, or the like. If desired, there may be included in these preparations, auxiliary substances, stabilizing agents, wetting or emulsifying agents, buffers and other commonly used additives.

While the dosage of the compound (I) will vary depending upon the age and condition of a patient, an average single dose of about 0.1 mg, 1 mg, 10 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 250 mg, 500 mg and 1000 mg of the compound (I) may be effective for treating Tachykinin-mediated diseases such as asthma and the like. In general, amounts between 0.1 mg/body and about 1,000 mg/body may be administered per day.

In order to show the utility of the object compound (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, the pharmacological test data of some representative compounds of the present invention is shown in the following.

A. Evaluation of NK₁ antagonist transport efficiency to the central nervous system using a h-NK₁ receptor binding assay

[I] Test Method

(1) Administration of test compound and extraction of the compound from brain

Male SD rats were given an i.v. injection of a solution containing a test compound (1 mg/kg). 5 Min later the animals were anesthetized by ether, bled and perfused through the aorta ascendens with 20 ml of saline. The brain was rapidly removed, weighed and homogenized in 4 vol. ice-cold distilled water by using Polytoron (KINEMATICA). To extract the test compound, 500 μ l of the homogenate, 100 μ l of methanol, 500 μ l of 0.1 N NaOH and 4 ml of ethyl acetate were mixed by shaking for 10 min at room temperature. The organic phase (2.5 ml) was recovered by centrifugation at 3,000 rpm for 10 min, dried and dissolved in dimethyl sulfoxide.

(2) h-NK₁ receptor binding assay

(a) Crude CHO cell membrane preparation

CHO cells permanently expressing h-NK₁ receptors were harvested and homogenized with a Dounce homogenizer at 4°C in a buffer (0.25 M sucrose, 25 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 10 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM EDTA, 5 μ g/ml p-APMSF). The homogenate was centrifuged (500 x g, 10 min), and the pellet was resuspended in the same buffer, homogenized, and centrifuged. The two supernatants were combined and centrifuged (100,000 x g, 1 hour). The crude cell membranes thus isolated were resuspended in a buffer (25 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 10 mM MgCl₂, 1 mM EDTA, 5 μ g/ml p-APMSF) and stored at -80°C until use.

(b) ¹²⁵I-BH-Substance P binding to the prepared membrane

Cell membranes (6 μ g/ml) were incubated with ¹²⁵I-BH-Substance P (0.1 nM) with or without the extracted compounds in 0.25 ml of a medium (50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 5 mM MnCl₂,

30

20 µg/ml chymostatin, 40 µg/ml bacitracin, 4 µg/ml leupeptin, 5 µg/ml p-APMSF, 200 µg/ml BSA) at 22°C for 90 min. At the end of the incubation period, the contents were quickly filtered through a Blue Mat 11740 filter (pretreated with 0.1% polyethylenimine for 3 hours prior to use) by using SKATRON Cell Harvester. The filter was then washed with a washing buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.4), 5 mM MnCl₂). The radioactivity was counted by using an auto gamma counter (Packard RIASTAR 5420A). All data presented are specific binding defined as that displaceable by 3 µM unlabeled Substance P.

[II] Test Result

All of the following Test Compounds showed more than 80% inhibition rate of ¹²⁵I-BH-Substance P binding to h-NK₁ receptors at the dose of 1 mg/kg.

Test Compounds : The object compounds of the

Examples 7, 11, 12, 22, 23, 24-(2),
26, 35, 36, 37-(2), (4), (5), (6),
(8), 44-(1), (2), (4), (5), (7), 46,
47, 51, 52-(1), 53-(1), 54, 55, 58,
59-(1), (3), 62-(1), 67-(4), (5),
(6), (7), (13), 71, 72, 73, 74, 75,
76, 77, 81, 82-(1), 82-(4), 82-(5),
82-(7), 82-(8), 82-(9), 82-(10),
82-(12), 84-(1) and 86

B. Emesis in the ferret

[I] Test Method

Individually housed adult male ferrets (Marshall Farms, 1.4 to 2.2 kg) were given an i.p. injection of a solution

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containing a test compound. 30 Min later the emetic responses (retching and vomiting) were induced by administration of intra-gastric copper sulfate (40 mg/kg/ml) and observed for the next 30 min. The timing and number of retches and vomits observed were recorded for each animal. An individual animal was tested with at least 10 days between experiments.

[III] Test Result

All of the following Test Compounds showed 100% inhibition rate of emesis in the ferret at the dose of 3.2 and/or 10 mg/kg.

Test compounds : The object compounds of the Examples 12, 22, 23, 24-(2) and 37-(5), (6)

The following Preparations and Examples are given for the purpose of illustrating this invention.

(to be continued on the next page)

Example 1

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (5 g) and 3-bromopropanol (1.68 g) in N,N-dimethylformamide (40 ml) was heated at 60°C in the presence of potassium carbonate (4.55 g). After 9 hours, the reaction mixture was poured into water (400 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the obtained residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using dichloromethane-methanol (30:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(3-hydroxypropyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (5.36 g) as a powder.

IR (Neat) : 3600-3100, 1625, 1275, 1170, 1128,
898 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.6-5.0 (16H, m); 6.6-8.2 (8H, m);
10.84 (1H, s)

MASS : 514 (M+1), 454

Example 2

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 1.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(3-hydroxypropyl)piperazine

IR (Nujol) : 3400 (br), 3000-2700, 1625, 1430, 1270,
1120 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.55-1.75 (2H, m); 2.05-4.9 (19H, m); 6.5-8.2 (6H, m)

MASS : 503 (M+1)

Example 3

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (0.3 g), 2-bromo-4'-chloroacetophenone (0.2 g) and potassium carbonate (0.16 g)

in N,N-dimethylformamide (5 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour and 20 minutes. The reaction mixture was poured into water (20 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the obtained residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using toluene-ethyl acetate (4:1) as an eluent. Fractions containing objective compound were collected and concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained product was dissolved in ethyl acetate, treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution and then evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with n-hexane to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(4-chlorophenylcarbonylmethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride (0.31 g) as a powder.

mp : 140°C (dec.)

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -22.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3500-3100, 2700-2150, 1690, 1635, 1275, 1100 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.9-5.3 (11H, m); 6.4-8.3 (12H, m); 10.7-11.05 (2H, m)

MASS : 608 (M+1) (free)

Example 4

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 3.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-[(5-chloro-2-thienyl)carbonylmethyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -55.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3700-3100, 2700-2150, 1635, 1415, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 3.0-5.2 (11H, m); 6.8-8.3 (10H, m); 10.97 (1H, s)

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MASS : 651 (M+1) (free), 614

Example 5

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (0.3 g), 2-bromo-3'-fluoroacetophenone (0.19 g) and potassium carbonate (0.16 g) in N,N-dimethylformamide (5 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour and 20 minutes. The reaction mixture was poured into water (20 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using toluene-ethyl acetate (2:1) as an eluent. The obtained product was dissolved in ethyl acetate (2 ml) and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (164 μ l). The resulting precipitate was collected by filtration and dried at 50°C for 5 hours to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(3-fluorophenylcarbonylmethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride (0.2 g) as a powder.

mp : 195°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -34.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3200, 2650-2200, 1695, 1655, 1270,
1125 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 3.3-5.3 (11H, m); 6.6-8.3 (12H, m); 10.8-11.4 (2H, m)

MASS : 592 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{24}\text{F}_7\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\cdot\text{HCl}$:

C 57.38; H 4.01; N 6.69

Found : C 57.23; H 3.79; N 6.49

Example 6

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 5.

35'

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(3,4-difluorophenylcarbonylmethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride

mp : 171°C (dec.)

5 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -31.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3550-3100, 2650-2150, 1690, 1640, 1510,
1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 3.0-5.3 (11H, m); 7.6-8.3 (11H, m); 10.7-11.5 (2H, m)

10 MASS : 610 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{23}\text{F}_8\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\cdot\text{HCl}$:

C 55.78; H 3.74; N 6.50

Found : C 55.54; H 3.72; N 6.41

15 (2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(4-methylphenylcarbonylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride

mp : 203°C (dec.)

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -37.4° (C=0.5, MeOH)

20 IR (Nujol) : 3550-3100, 2650-2150, 1690, 1640, 1280,
1175, 1125 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.43 (3H, s); 3.1-5.3 (11H, m);
6.8-8.3 (12H, m); 10.8-11.2 (2H, m)

MASS : 587 (M+1) (free)

25

(3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(3,4-dimethylphenylcarbonylmethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride

mp : 166°C (dec.)

30 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -36.8° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3600-3150, 2700-2300, 1685, 1635, 1275,
1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.34 (6H, s); 3.2-5.3 (11H, m);
6.6-8.3 (11H, m); 10.6-11.2 (2H, m)

35 MASS : 601 (M+1) (free)

36

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{32}H_{29}F_6N_3O_2 \cdot HCl \cdot 1.1H_2O$:

C 58.42; H 4.93; N 6.39

Found : C 58.46; H 4.90; N 6.27

(4) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenylcarbonylmethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride

 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -28.8° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (NaCl) : 3600-3100, 2700-2200, 1685, 1635, 1275,
1130 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.34 (3H, s); 3.1-5.3 (11H, m);
6.6-8.3 (11H, m); 10.7-11.2 (2H, m)

MASS : 606 (M+1) (free)

Example 7

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (228 mg), 1-[4-(bromomethyl)phenyl]ethanone (107 mg) and potassium carbonate (42 mg) in acetonitrile (2 ml) was refluxed for 4.5 hours. After cooling, the mixture was evaporated in vacuo. Ethyl acetate and water were added to the residue and the organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with a mixture of dichloromethane and methanol as an eluent to give (2R)-4-(4-acetylbenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (0.30 g). To a solution of this piperazine (0.30 g) in ethyl acetate was added 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (0.13 ml) and the whole was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with a mixture of ethyl acetate and ether to give (2R)-4-(4-acetylbenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride (283.5 mg) as a powder.

mp : 172°C (dec.)

$[\alpha]_D^{28}$: -30.0° (C=0.27, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 1675, 1655, 1635, 1610, 1275 cm^{-1}

NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 2.36-5.60 (11H, m); 6.10-9.30 (13H, m); 12.90 (1H, br s)

5 MASS : 588 (M) (free)

Example 8

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (0.3 g), 2-bromo-4'-
10 dimethylaminoacetophenone (0.2 g) and potassium carbonate (0.16 g) in N,N-dimethylformamide (5 ml) was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water (20 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and dried over magnesium
15 sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using toluene-ethyl acetate (2:1) as an eluent. Fractions containing objective compound were collected and evaporated under reduced pressure to give (2R)-1-[3,5-
20 bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(4-dimethylaminophenyl-carbonylmethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (0.26 g).

mp : 185°C (dec.)

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -44.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 1650, 1590, 1290-1150 cm^{-1}

25 NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 2.05-4.9 (11H, m); 3.03 (6H, s); 6.55-8.2 (12H, m); 10.80 (1H, s)

MASS : 617 (M+1)

Example 9

30 A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)piperazine hydrochloride (200 mg), 4-nitrobenzyl chloride (158 mg) and triethylamine (268 μl) in tetrahydrofuran (5 ml) was refluxed overnight. After cooling, the precipitates were filtered off and the filtrate
35 was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column

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chromatography on silica gel with a mixture of toluene and ethyl acetate as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(4-nitrobenzyl)piperazine (169.8 mg).

5 IR (Neat) : 3100-2750, 1770, 1730, 1635, 1520, 1440, 1340, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.10-5.40 (11H, m); 6.85-8.30 (10H, m)

MASS : 621 (M+1)

10

Example 10

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 9.

15 (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(4-nitrobenzyl)piperazine

IR (Neat) : 3100-2750, 1635, 1515, 1430, 1340, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-4.85 (17H, m);
20 5.50-8.10 (10H, m)

MASS : 580 (M+1)

Example 11

To a mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (0.25 g) and 4-acetylbenzoic acid (0.09 g) in dichloromethane (8 ml) was added triethylamine (0.2 ml) at room temperature. 2-Chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide (0.17 g) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. The resulting
25 mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was purified by column
30 chromatography using ethyl acetate - n-hexane (1:1) as an
35

eluent to afford (2R)-4-(4-acetylbenzoyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (0.31 g).

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.9-2.4 (9H, m); 2.5-5.2 (10H, m);
6.4-8.2 (10H, m)

MASS : 591 (M+1)

Example 12

To a mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)piperazine hydrochloride (200 mg, and 4-acetylbenzoic acid (57 mg) in dichloromethane (5 ml) was added triethylamine (171 μ l) at room temperature. 2-Chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide (107 mg) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours. The resulting mixture was washed successively with aqueous 0.1N hydrogen chloride solution, aqueous saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution and brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography using toluene-ethyl acetate (5:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-4-(4-acetylbenzoyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)piperazine (155 mg).

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: 11.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3100-2850, 1685, 1630, 1440, 1275,
1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.15-5.15 (9H, m); 2.62 (3H, s);
6.8-8.3 (10H, m)

MASS : 633 (M+2), 631

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{22}\text{F}_6\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$:

C 55.17; H 3.51; N 4.44

Found : C 55.22; H 3.53; N 4.28

Example 13

(2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine fumarate (785 mg) was added to a

40

mixture of 2N sodium hydroxide solution (5 ml) and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine. A solution of this piperazine in N,N-dimethylformamide (7 ml) was added to a mixture of 2-acetylbenzoic acid (230 mg), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (295 mg) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (206 mg) in N,N-dimethylformamide (3 ml) and the whole was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was poured into a saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (78 ml) and the resulting precipitates were filtered off. The filtrate was evaporated in vacuo to give (2R)-4-(2-acetylbenzoyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (0.45 g) as a powder.

mp : 82-85°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{29}$: -22.7° (C=0.33, MeOH)IR (CH₂Cl₂) : 1750, 1635, 1615 cm⁻¹NMR (CDCl₃, δ) : 1.75-3.40 (18H, m);
6.40-8.10 (10H, m)

MASS : 591 (M)

Example 14

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 13.

(2R)-4-(3-Acetylbenzoyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine

mp : 155.5-157°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{24}$: 5.8° (C=0.26, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 1686, 1630 cm⁻¹NMR (CDCl₃, δ) : 2.05-2.32 (6H, m); 2.63 (3H, s);
2.70-5.40 (9H, m); 6.40-8.15 (10H, m)

MASS : 592 (M+1)

Example 15

To a stirred mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-piperazine (250 mg), 2-methoxyphenylacetic acid (92 mg) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (75 mg) in dichloromethane (8 ml) was added 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (106 mg) at room temperature. After 3 hours, the reaction mixture was poured into aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The extract was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate - n-hexane (1:1.5) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(2-methoxyphenylmethylcarbonyl)piperazine (290 mg) as a powder.

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.6-5.0 (14H, m); 6.4-8.2 (12H, m); 10.8 (1H, m)

MASS : 604 (M+1)

Example 16

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 15.

(1) (2R)-4-(3-Acetylbenzoyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine

mp : 186-187.5°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: 4.2° (C=0.29, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3260, 1690, 1638, 1600, 1275 cm^{-1}

NMR (CDCl₃, δ) : 1.55-5.46 (12H, m);

6.55-8.50 (13H, m)

MASS : 602 (M)

(2) (2R)-4-(2-Acetylbenzoyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine

mp : 190-192°C

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 $[\alpha]_D^{28} : -2.1^\circ$ (C=0.28, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700, 1750, 1720, 1635, 1630,
1275 cm^{-1} NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 1.46-5.45 (12H, m);
6.54-8.25 (13H, m)

MASS : 602 (M)

Example 17

To a stirred mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(carboxymethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (0.4 g) and thiomorpholine (0.08 g) in dry N,N-dimethylformamide (4 ml) were added 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.16 g) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (0.12 g) at room temperature. After 3 hours, the reaction mixture was poured into aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (40 ml) and the resulting precipitate was collected by filtration. The crude product obtained was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using toluene-ethyl acetate (1:2) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(thiomorpholinocarbonylmethyl)piperazine (0.42 g).

 $[\alpha]_D^{29} : -10.0^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Neat) : 3650-3100, 1634, 1274, 1170, 1122, 898 cm^{-1} NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 2.00-5.00 (19H, m); 6.60-8.20 (8H, m); 10.86 (1H, s)

MASS : 599 (M-1)

Example 18

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 17.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-[(4-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-piperazinyl)carbonylmethyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride

mp : 193°C (dec.)

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 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -24.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3600-3100, 2650-2150, 1680-1580, 1510,
1275, 1130 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 3.05-5.15 (19H, m); 6.6-8.3 (12H,
m); 10.40 (2H, br s); 11.02 (1H, s)

MASS : 676 (M+1) (free)

Example 18

To a stirred mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(carboxymethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (200 mg) and 4-cyclopentylpiperazine (60 mg) in dry N,N-dimethylformamide (5 ml) were added 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (82 mg) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (58 mg) at room temperature. After 7 hours, the reaction mixture was poured into water (30 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using dichloromethane-methanol (10:1) as an eluent and then treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (80 μ l) to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-[(4-cyclopentyl-1-piperazinyl)carbonylmethyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride (140 mg).

mp : 270°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -24.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3270, 2430-2150, 1630, 1275, 1180,
1125 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.45-5.0 (28H, m), 6.53-8.25 (8H,
m); 10.90 (1H, s); 11.21 (2H, br s)

MASS : 650 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{37}\text{F}_6\text{N}_5\text{O}_2\cdot\text{HCl}$:

C 57.77; H 5.58; N 10.21

Found : C 57.91; H 5.64; N 10.18

Example 20

A solution of methanesulfonyl chloride (1.1 g) in dichloromethane (4 ml) was added to a stirred solution of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(3-hydroxypropyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (4.99 g) and triethylamine (1.1 g) in dichloromethane (50 ml) at ice-bath temperature over a 20-minute period. After being stirred at the same temperature for 1 hour, the reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane (50 ml) and then washed with water and aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution. The dichloromethane layer was dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using dichloromethane-methanol (30:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (4.31 g) as a powder.

MASS : 592 (M+1)

Example 21

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 20.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine

IR (Nujol) : 2950-2700, 1635, 1430, 1350, 1275, 1165, 1125 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.8-4.95 (12H, m); 3.19 (3H, s); 4.31 (2H, t, $J=6.2\text{Hz}$); 6.95-8.2 (6H, m)

MASS : 581 (M-1)

Example 22

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (0.2 g), 3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane (0.05 g) and triethylamine (0.09 ml) in N,N-dimethylformamide (1 ml) was heated at 80°C.

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After 6 hours, the reaction mixture was poured into water (10 ml) and the resulting precipitate was collected by filtration. The crude product was dissolved in ethanol (2 ml) and then treated with 17.6% hydrogen chloride in ethanol solution (0.3 ml) to give (2R)-4-[3-(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)propyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (0.12 g) as a powder.

mp : 194-202°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -6.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3600-3100, 2750-2000, 1680-1550, 1275, 1172, 1126, 900 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.50-5.20 (29H, m); 6.60-8.25 (8H, m); 9.60 (1H, br s); 10.96 (1H, s); 11.60 (1H, br s)

Example 23

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (0.2 g), thiomorpholine (0.042 g) and triethylamine (0.09 ml) in dry acetonitrile (2 ml) was stirred at 90°C for 15 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate-methanol (10:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperazine. The product obtained was dissolved in ethanol and treated with 17.6% hydrogen chloride in ethanol solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (0.19 g) as a powder.

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -4.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3650-3050, 2750-1980, 1635, 1274, 1170,

46

1123, 900 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.20-5.20 (23H, m); 6.50-8.25 (8H, m); 10.96 (1H, s); 11.00-11.90 (2H, m)

MASS : 599 (M+1) (free)

5

(2R)-4-(3-Thiomorpholinopropyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine dimaleate

mp : 110-115°C

$[\alpha]_D^{21}$: -14.2° (C=0.25, MeOH)

10

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2720, 1690, 1620, 1605, 1280, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.70-5.12 (23H, m), 6.14 (4H, s), 6.55-8.32 (8H, m), 10.90 (1H, s)

15

Example 24

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 23.

20

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 265°C (dec.)

$[\alpha]_D^{21}$: -8.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3650-3100, 2750-2200, 1655, 1275, 1120 cm^{-1}

25

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.2-2.45 (2H, m); 3.0-5.25 (21H, m); 6.55-8.25 (8H, m); 10.96 (1H, s); 11.1-12.85 (2H, m)

MASS : 583 (M+1) (free)

30

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 0.4\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 52.56; H 5.29; N 8.45

Found : C 52.54; H 5.33; N 8.25

35

(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperazine

47

dihydrochloride

mp : 272°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{31}$: -11.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3650-3100, 2750-2650, 1635, 1270,
1120 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.1-2.5 (8H, m); 2.7-5.2 (21H, m);
6.6-8.25 (6H, m); 11.15-11.75 (2H, m)

MASS : 588 (M+1) (free)

10 Example 25

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (200 mg) and 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline (90 mg) in methanol (3 ml) was stirred for 1.5 hours at reflux temperature. The reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate-methanol (10:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-{3-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl]propyl}piperazine (167 mg) as a powder.

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -9.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Neat) : 3260, 1630, 1430, 1380, 1350, 1270 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.60-4.93 (21H, m); 6.60-8.37
(12H, m); 10.85 (1H, s)

MASS : 629 (M+1)

Example 26

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 25.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[3-(4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridin-5-yl)propyl]piperazine

 $[\alpha]_D^{18}$: -9.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)

46

IR (Neat) : 3260, 1630, 1430, 1350, 1275 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.55-4.97 (21H, m); 6.30-8.24
(10H, m); 10.85 (1H, s)

MASS : 635 (M+1)

Example 27

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (150 mg) and 4-cyano-4-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride (70 mg) in methanol (5 ml) was stirred at reflux temperature in the presence of sodium carbonate (100 mg). After 2 hours, the reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was extracted with ethyl acetate and the extract was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate-methanol (10:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-[3-(4-cyano-4-phenylpiperidino)propyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (89 mg) as a powder.

 $[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -19.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.52-4.96 (23H, m); 6.60-8.26
(13H, m); 10.85 (1H, s)

MASS : 682 (M+1)

Example 28

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (200 mg) and spiro[indan-1,4'-piperidine] (70 mg) in acetonitrile (3 ml) was refluxed for 1.5 hours. The reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure and then the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using dichloromethane-methanol (10:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-[3-(spiro[indan-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-yl)propyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (208 mg) as a powder.

49

 $[\alpha]_D^{22}$: -21.4° (C=1.0, MeOH)IR (Neat) : 3260, 1630, 1435, 1380, 1350, 1275 cm⁻¹NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 1.45-5.00 (27H, m); 6.62-8.28
(12H, m); 10.88 (1H, s)

5 MASS : 683 (M+1)

Example 29

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(4-nitrobenzyl)piperazine (157 mg), ammonium chloride (15.7 mg) and iron powder (157 mg) in a mixture of ethanol (5 ml) and water (1.25 ml) was refluxed for 1.5 hours. After cooling, the precipitates were filtered off and the filtrate was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with a mixture of toluene and ethyl acetate as an eluent to give (2R)-4-(4-aminobenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)piperazine (128.4 mg).

IR (Neat) : 3350, 2970-2700, 1630, 1515, 1460, 1430,
1275, 1130 cm⁻¹20 NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 1.95-5.05 (13H, m); 6.50-8.25
(10H, m)

MASS : 592 (M+2), 590 (M)

Example 30

25 The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 29.

(2R)-4-(4-Aminobenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine

30 IR (Neat) : 3450, 3300, 3100-2650, 1625, 1515, 1435,
1275, 1125 cm⁻¹NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 1.90-4.80 (17H, m); 4.98 (2H, s);
6.40-8.20 (10H, m)

MASS : 550 (M+1)

35

Example 31

Piridine (23 μ l) and acetyl chloride (16 μ l) were successively added to a solution of (2R)-4-(4-aminobenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-piperazine (113 mg) and the whole was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours. The mixture was poured into water and the separated oil was extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water, dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with a mixture of toluene and ethyl acetate as an eluent to give (2R)-4-(4-acetylamino benzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)piperazine (98.3 mg). The obtained piperazine was dissolved in ethyl acetate. 4N Hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (43 μ l) was added to the solution and the mixture was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with n-hexane to give (2R)-4-(4-acetylamino benzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)piperazine hydrochloride (92 mg).

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -11.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3600-3150, 2750-2100, 1635, 1600, 1525, 1415, 1270, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.07 (3H, s); 2.85-5.15 (11H, m); 6.60-9.30 (10H, m); 10.13 (1H, s)

MASS : 632 (M+1) (free)

Example 32

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 31.

(2R)-4-(4-Acetylamino benzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine hydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -23.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)

51

IR (Nujol) : 3650-3100, 2750-2100, 1640, 1600, 1530,
1275, 1170, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.95-2.10 (9H, m); 2.80-3.05 (11H,
m); 6.50-8.30 (10H, m); 10.17 (1H, s); 11.00-11.40
(1H, m)

MASS : 592 (M+1) (free)

Example 33

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-
ylmethyl)-4-(thiomorpholinocarbonylmethyl)piperazine was
converted to the corresponding hydrochloride by treatment
with 17.6% hydrogen chloride in ethanol solution.

IR (Nujol) : 3650-3100, 2750-1960, 1638, 1276, 1171,
1129, 900 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.55-3.15 (19H, m); 6.60-8.25 (8H,
m); 10.99 (1H, s)

MASS : 599 (M+1) (free)

Preparation 1

A mixture of formaldehyde (37% in water, 20.7 ml) and
morpholine (17.1 ml) was adjusted to pH 3.5 with diluted
sulfuric acid. Propargyl alcohol (10 g), potassium iodide
(0.3 g), and copper(II) sulfate (0.14 g) were added to the
solution and the whole was stirred at 95°C for 6 hours.
After cooling, the insoluble material was removed by
filtration and the pH of the filtrate was adjusted to 9 with
24 sodium hydroxide solution. Brine (100 ml) was added to
the solution and the solution was extracted with a mixture of
ethyl acetate and ethanol (10:1) eight times and then with
n-butanol six times. The combined extract was dried over
magnesium sulfate and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was
distilled in reduced pressure to give 4-morpholino-2-butyne-1-
ol (14.03 g).

bp : 124-131°C

IR (Neat) : 3350, 2850, 1105, 1000 cm^{-1}

52

NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 2.18 (1H, br s), 2.57 (4H, t, $J=4.7\text{Hz}$), 3.31 (2H, t, $J=1.9\text{Hz}$), 3.75 (4H, t, $J=4.7\text{Hz}$), 4.30 (2H, t, $J=1.9\text{Hz}$)

MASS : 156 (M +1)

5

Preparation 2

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Preparation 1 with the exception of purification by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of ethyl acetate and methanol (30:1) as an eluent instead of distillation in reduced pressure.

10

4-Thiomorpholino-2-butyne-1-ol

IR (Neat) : 3350, 2900, 2800, 1420, 1330, 1115, 1100 cm^{-1}

15

NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 1.93 (1H, br s), 2.65-2.90 (8H, m), 3.32 (2H, t, $J=1.9\text{Hz}$), 4.30 (2H, t, $J=1.9\text{Hz}$)

MASS : 172 (M +1)

20

Preparation 3

Thionyl chloride (2.1 ml) was added to a solution of 4-morpholino-2-butyne-1-ol (1.47 g) in dichloromethane (10 ml) with ice bath cooling. After stirring for 0.5 hour, the solution was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with ethyl acetate to give 4-morpholino-2-butyne-1-ol hydrochloride (1.91 g).

25

mp : 162-165°C

IR (Nujol) : 2640, 2510, 2450, 2350 cm^{-1}

NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 3.31 (4H, br s), 3.92 (4H, br s),

30

4.21 (2H, t, $J=1.9\text{Hz}$), 4.57 (2H, t, $J=1.9\text{Hz}$), 12.23 (1H, br s)

MASS : 174 (M) (free)

Preparation 4

35

The following compound was obtained according to a

similar manner to that of Preparation 3.

4-Thiomorpholino-2-butyryl chloride hydrochloride

mp : 185-187°C

5 IR (Nujol) : 2600, 2450, 2380, 1260, 1260, 1160,
915 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.58-4.00 (8H, m), 4.21 (2H, t,
J=2.0Hz), 4.58 (2H, t, J=2.0Hz), 12.08 (1H, br s)

MASS : 190 (M) (free)

10

Preparation 5

A mixture of 4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-butanone (500 mg), ethylene glycol (247 mg) and catalytic amount of p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate in benzene (5 ml) was
15 refluxed for 20 hours with continuous removal of water using Dean-Stark apparatus. After cooling, the solution was washed successively with 1N NaOH solution and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated in vacuo to give 4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-butanone cyclic ethylene acetal (613.2
20 mg) as an oil.

IR (Neat) : 2950, 2870, 1600, 1500, 1220, 1030 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.60-1.60 (2H, m), 1.90-2.00 (2H, m), 3.61 (2H, t, J=6.5Hz), 3.70-4.10 (4H, m), 7.10-7.50 (4H, m)

25 MASS : 245 (M+1), 209

Example 34

A mixture of (2R)-1-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)piperazine (1.0 g) and 3-bromopropanol (330
30 mg) in N,N-dimethylformamide (2.5 ml) was stirred at room temperature in the presence of powdered potassium carbonate (444 mg). After 17 hours, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (30 ml) and then washed successively with water and brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate.
35 Evaporation of the solvent in vacuo gave (2R)-1-[3,5-

54

bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(3-hydroxypropyl)-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)piperazine (1.19 g).

IR (Neat) : 3425, 1635, 1430, 1340, 1275, 1170,
1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 1.50-5.28 (16H, m), 7.40-7.93 (10H, m)

MASS : 525 (M+1)

Example 35

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)piperazine (200 mg) and 1-(4-chloro-2-butynyl)morpholine hydrochloride (95 mg) in N,N-dimethylformamide (0.5 ml) was stirred at room temperature in the presence of powdered potassium carbonate (177 mg). After 17 hours, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (30 ml) and then washed successively with water and brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent in vacuo, the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate as an eluent. The product obtained was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(4-morpholino-2-butynyl)-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (257 mg).

$[\alpha]_D^{21}$: -21.5° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2550, 1630, 1275 cm^{-1}

NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 2.80-5.31 (21H, m),
7.0-8.28 (10H, m)

MASS : 604 (M+1) (free)

Example 36

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)piperazine hydrochloride (150 mg) and 1-(4-chloro-2-butynyl)morpholine hydrochloride (63 mg) in N,N-dimethylformamide (0.5 ml) was stirred at room temperature in the presence of powdered potassium carbonate

(160 mg). After 17 hours, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (30 ml) and then washed successively with water and brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent in vacuo, the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of ethyl acetate and methanol (10:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(4-morpholino-2-butynyl)piperazine. The product obtained was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(4-morpholino-2-butynyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (165 mg).

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -3.9° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3400, 2350, 1640, 1425, 1275 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.91-5.20 (21H, m), 7.0-8.26 (6H, m)

MASS : 622 (M+1) (free)

Example 37

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 7.

(1) (2R)-4-(4-Morpholino-2-butynyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 165-169°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -0.4° (C=0.26, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2550, 2220, 1635, 1550, 1270, 1120 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.80-5.25 (21H, m), 6.56-8.30 (6H, m), 10.96 (1H, s)

MASS : 593 (M) (free)

(2) (2R)-4-(4-Morpholino-2-butynyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-

56

dimethylbenzyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 155-162°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{21}$: -11.5° (C=0.26, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2650, 2300, 1655, 1640, 1275,
1120 cm⁻¹NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 2.02-2.30 (7H, m), 2.64-5.30 (20H,
m), 6.60-8.30 (6H, m)

MASS : 582 (M) (free)

10 (3) (2R)-4-(4-Thiomorpholino-2-butynyl)-1-[3,5-
bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-
piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 162-170°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{22}$: -9.4° (C=0.27, MeOH)15 IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2650, 2320, 1655, 1640, 1275,
1125 cm⁻¹NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 2.04-2.35 (7H, m), 2.65-5.25 (20H,
m), 6.57-8.28 (6H, m)

MASS : 598 (M) (free)

20

(4) (2R)-4-(4-Thiomorpholino-2-butynyl)-1-[3,5-
bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-
ylmethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 166-170°C

25 $[\alpha]_D^{22}$: -1.5° (C=0.26, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2650, 2300, 1635, 1275, 1125 cm⁻¹NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 2.53-5.30 (21H, m), 6.54-6.30 (8H,
m), 10.93 (1H, br s), 12.10 (2H, br s)

MASS : 609 (M) (free)

30

(5) (2R)-4-(2-Morpholinoethyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-
benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine
dihydrochloride

mp : 223-228°C

35 $[\alpha]_D^{27.2}$: -13.0° (C=0.28, MeOH)

57

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2550, 1630, 1450, 1275, 1120 cm^{-1}
NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.95-5.25 (27H, m), 6.50-8.32 (6H, m), 10.80-11.90 (2H, br m)
MASS : 558 (M) (free)

5

(6) (2R)-4-(2-Thiomorpholinoethyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride
mp : 170-182°C

10

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{28.5}$: -4.5° (C=0.39, MeOH)
IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2600, 1640, 1275, 1125 cm^{-1}
NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.60-5.30 (21H, m), 6.50-8.30 (8H, m), 10.96 (1H, s), 11.10-12.10 (2H, br m)
MASS : 585 (M) (free)

15

(7) (2R)-4-(2-Morpholinoethyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride
mp : 170-176°C

20

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{28.5}$: -3.0° (C=0.30, MeOH)
IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2570, 1640, 1275, 1125 cm^{-1}
NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.60-5.30 (21H, m), 6.55-8.40 (8H, m), 10.95 (1H, s), 11.10-12.04 (2H, br m)
MASS : 569 (M) (free)

25

(8) (2R)-4-(2-Thiomorpholinoethyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-piperazine dihydrochloride
mp : 261.5°C

30

$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{28.5}$: -1.9° (C=0.29, DMF)
IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2350, 1640, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}
NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-5.30 (27H, m), 6.60-8.30 (6H, m), 10.60-12.00 (2H, br m)
MASS : 574 (M) (free)

35

Example 38

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (300 mg), 4-chloro-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-butanone cyclic ethylene acetal (161 mg), potassium carbonate (182 mg), and potassium iodide (109 mg) in acetonitrile (10 ml) was refluxed for 20 hours. After cooling, the insoluble material was removed by filtration and the filtrate was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with a mixture of toluene and ethyl acetate as an eluent to give (2R)-4-[4,4-ethylenedioxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine as a powder. This compound was further purified by washing with diisopropyl ether.

mp : 145-146°C

IR (Nujol) : 3200, 1620, 1600, 1275, 1120 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.35-1.55 (2H, m), 1.80-4.90 (17H, m), 6.55-8.20 (12H, m), 10.87 (1H, br s)

MASS : 664 (M+1)

Example 39

To a stirred mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(carboxymethyl)-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (0.2 g) and 3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]nonane (0.05 g) in dry N,N-dimethylformamide (2 ml) were added 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.082 g) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (0.058 g) at room temperature. After 6 hours, the reaction mixture was poured into aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (20 ml) and the resulting precipitate was collected by filtration. The crude product obtained was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using toluene-ethyl acetate (1:2) as an eluent and treated with 17.6% hydrogen chloride in ethanol solution to give (2R)-4-[(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonylmethyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-

59

ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride (0.2 g) as a white powder.

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -32.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3650-3100, 2750-2000, 1637, 1276, 1172,
1130, 900 cm^{-1}

5 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.50-1.75 (8H, m), 2.07 (2H, br s),
3.15-5.10 (15H, m), 6.60-8.25 (8H, m), 10.15 (1H,
br s), 11.00 (1H, s)

MASS : 621 (M+1) (free)

10 Example 40

To a stirred mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-[4-carboxybenzyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (150 mg) and diethylamine hydrochloride (28 mg) in dry dichloromethane (5 ml) were added a solution
15 of 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide (40 mg) in dichloromethane (1 ml) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (34 mg) at room temperature. After 5 hours, the reaction mixture was poured into aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution (20 ml). The organic layer was separated and washed with brine and dried
20 over magnesium sulfate. The crude product obtained was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate - n-hexane (4:1) to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-[4-(N,N-diethylaminocarbonyl)-benzyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (107 mg) as a
25 powder.

$[\alpha]_D^{21}$: -40.3° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3250, 1620, 1430, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (CDCl₃, δ) : 1.10-5.00 (25H, m), 6.40-8.00 (8H,
m), 9.14 (1H, s)

30 MASS : 645 (M+1)

Example 41

To a stirred mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(3-hydroxypropyl)-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)piperazine (1.1 g) and triethylamine (425 mg)
35

in dichloromethane (10 ml) was added dropwise methanesulfonyl chloride (252 mg) at ice-bath temperature. After 2 hours, the reaction mixture was washed with water and then dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the resulting residue was chromatographed on silica gel using ethyl acetate as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (988 mg).

IR (Neat) : 1635, 1430, 1350, 1280, 1170, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 1.59 (3H, s), 1.90-3.28 (15H, m), 7.40-7.90 (10H, m)

MASS : 603 (M+1)

Example 42

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 41.

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine

IR (Neat) : 1630, 1470, 1430, 1340, 1270 cm^{-1}

NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 1.55-5.14 (15H, m), 3.04 (3H, s), 7.00-7.95 (6H, m)

(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(2-methylsulfonyloxyethyl)piperazine

IR (Neat) : 1635, 1430, 1350, 1275, 1170, 1125 cm^{-1}

Example 43

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (250 mg), thiomorpholine (43 mg) and triethylamine (46 mg) in dry methanol (5 ml) was refluxed for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate as an eluent. The product

obtained was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (195 mg).

5 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -23.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)
IR (Nujol) : 3400, 2500, 1640, 1275, 1170, 1130 cm^{-1}
NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 1.50-5.69 (23H, m), 7.34-7.93 (10H, m)
MASS : 610 (M+1) (free)

10 Example 44

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 43.

- (1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride
15 $[\alpha]_D^{23}$: -25.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)
IR (Nujol) : 3400, 2510, 2425, 1635, 1425, 1275, 1170, 1130 cm^{-1}
NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 2.88-5.31 (21H, m),
7.07-8.24 (10H, m)
MASS : 580 (M+1) (free)
- (2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(2-thiomorpholinoethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride
25 $[\alpha]_D^{22}$: -23.7° (C=0.5, MeOH)
IR (Nujol) : 2350, 1640, 1270, 1180 cm^{-1}
NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 2.80-5.31 (21H, m),
7.03-8.20 (10H, m)
30 MASS : 596 (M+1) (free)
- (3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[3-(4-oxopiperidino)propyl]piperazine
35 $[\alpha]_D^{24}$: -19.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)

62

IR (Nujol) : 3270, 1720, 1625, 1430, 1340, 1275,
1125 cm^{-1}

NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 1.66-5.20 (23H, m), 6.69-8.28 (8H, m)

MASS : 595 (M+1)

5

(4) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: +2.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)

10

IR (Nujol) : 3400, 2400, 1650, 1280 cm^{-1}

NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 2.10-5.20 (23H, m), 6.92-8.32 (6H, m), 11.12-11.72 (2H, m)

MASS : 628 (M+1) (free)

15

(5) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: +2.3° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3400, 2550, 2450, 1650, 1280 cm^{-1}

20

NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 2.10-5.20 (23H, m), 6.94-8.34 (6H, m), 11.08-11.76 (2H, m)

MASS : 612 (M+1) (free)

25

(6) (2R)-4-[3-(4-Acetylpiperidino)propyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -7.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2600, 1700, 1630, 1275 cm^{-1}

30

NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 1.67-5.24 (24H, m), 2.16 (3H, s), 6.62-8.28 (8H, m), 10.95 (1H, s)

MASS : 623 (M+1) (free)

35

(7) (2R)-4-[3-(Thiazolidin-3-yl)propyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

63

 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -5.4° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3600-3100, 2700-2250, 1660-1580, 1270,
1120 cm⁻¹NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 2.20-2.40 (2H, m), 3.00-5.20 (19H,
m), 6.40-8.25 (8H, m), 10.97 (1H, m), 11.20-11.90
(2H, m)

MASS : 585 (M+1) (free)

(8) (2R)-4-[3-(4-Phenyl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]-1-[3,5-
bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-
ylmethyl)piperazine trihydrochloride $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -8.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3600-3100, 2750-2300, 1630, 1275,
1120 cm⁻¹NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 2.05-2.45 (2H, m), 3.05-5.20 (21H,
m), 6.60-8.05 (13H, m), 10.97 (1H, s), 11.00-11.85
(3H, m)

MASS : 658 (M+1) (free)

(9) (2R)-4-[3-(4-Cyclohexyl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]-1-[3,5-
bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-
ylmethyl)piperazine trihydrochloride

mp : 250°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -7.8° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3600-3100, 2650-2200, 1640-1600, 1370,
1270, 1120 cm⁻¹NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 1.00-2.40 (11H, m), 3.00-5.30 (23H,
m), 6.60-8.30 (8H, m), 10.97 (1H, s), 11.30-12.30
(3H, m)

MASS : 664 (M+1) (free)

Example 45A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-
(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(2-methylsulfonyloxyethyl)piperazine
(200 mg), 4-aminomorpholine (36 mg) and triethylamine (52 mg)

in dry methanol (5 ml) was refluxed for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution. The organic layer was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of ethyl acetate and methanol (10:1) as an eluent to afford (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[2-(morpholinoamino)ethyl]piperazine (55 mg).

$[\alpha]_D^{22}$: -16.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 1615, 1275 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.14-5.10 (21H, m), 6.0-6.26 (8H, m), 10.91 (1H, s)

MASS : 584 (M+1)

Example 46

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (100 mg) and 4-phenylpiperidine (60 mg) in acetonitrile (3 ml) was refluxed for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate-methanol (5:1) as an eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[3-(4-phenylpiperidino)propyl]piperazine (90 mg).

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -24.6° (C=1.0, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3250, 1630, 1430, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.52-4.93 (24H, m), 6.60-8.28 (13H, m), 10.67 (1H, s)

MASS : 657 (M+1)

Example 47

A solution of (2R)-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperazine (50

65

mg) in ethyl acetate (3 ml) was treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (0.2 ml) and the resulting mixture was concentrated in vacuo to give (2R)-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(2-hydroxyethyl)piperazine hydrochloride (45 mg) as a powder.

IR (Neat) : 3260, 2550, 1640, 1425, 1275 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.80-3.53 (13H, m), 6.91-8.32 (6H, m), 10.96 (1H, br s)

MASS : 530 (M+1) (free)

10

Example 48

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 47.

15 (1) (2R)-4-(4-Aminobenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 179°C (dec.)

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -16.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)

20 IR (Nujol) : 3400-3050, 2650-2300, 1660-1580, 1275, 1125 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-2.20 (6H, m), 2.80-3.05 (11H, m), 6.45-8.25 (10H, m), 11.40-11.90 (2H, m)

MASS : 550 (M+1) (free)

25

(2) (2R)-4-(4-Nitrobenzyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 140°C (dec.)

30 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -18.4° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3600-3200, 2650-2200, 1640, 1520, 1350, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-2.20 (6H, m), 2.80-3.00 (11H, m), 6.50-8.40 (10H, m)

35 MASS : 580 (M+1) (free)

Example 49

To a solution of (2R)-4-[4,4-ethylenedioxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (210 mg) in ethyl acetate was added 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (0.5 ml) and the whole was stirred at room temperature for 23 hours. The solution was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was triturated with a mixture of ethyl acetate and diisopropyl ether to give (2R)-4-[4-(4-fluorophenyl)-4-oxobutyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine hydrochloride (183.7 mg).

mp : 161°C (dec.)

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -14.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3400-3150, 2650-2300, 1675, 1635, 1595, 1260-1250, 1275, 1125 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-2.25 (2H, m), 3.05-5.20 (13H, m), 6.55-8.25 (12H, m), 10.95 (1H, s), 11.10-11.50 (1H, m)

MASS : 620 (M+1) (free)

Preparation 6

Tetrahydrofuran (15 ml) was added to 70% solution of sodium bis(2-methoxyethoxy)aluminum hydride in toluene (49.7 g) under an atmosphere of nitrogen and then cooled. A solution of 4-morpholino-2-buten-1-ol (3.0 g) in tetrahydrofuran (15 ml) was added dropwise maintaining the reaction temperature 4-5°C. After being stirred for 10 minutes, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 1 hour, water (6 ml) and 10% aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (4.5 ml) were added cautiously and then filtered. The filtrate was dried over potassium carbonate and concentrated under reduced pressure to give an oily product, which was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate-methanol (5:1) to afford (E)-4-morpholino-2-buten-1-ol (1.03 g).

67

IR (Neat) : 3350, 1450, 1110, 990, 855 cm^{-1} NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 2.48 (4H, t, $J=4.7\text{Hz}$), 2.77 (1H, s),
3.02 (2H, d, $J=5.4\text{Hz}$), 3.73 (4H, t, $J=4.7\text{Hz}$), 4.15
(2H, d, $J=4.0\text{Hz}$), 5.64-5.96 (2H, m)

5 MASS : 158 (M+1)

Preparation 7

Thionyl chloride (0.96 ml) was added dropwise to a
solution of (E)-4-morpholino-2-buten-1-ol (1.03 g) in
10 dichloromethane (10 ml) at ice-bath temperature. After 3
hours, the reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced
pressure and the resulting residue was triturated with ethyl
acetate to give (E)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl chloride
hydrochloride (0.98 g).

15 mp : 155-160°C

IR (Nujol) : 2750-2700, 1275, 1255, 1120, 1078, 1065,
975 cm^{-1} NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, δ) : 2.80-3.55 (4H, m), 3.64-4.10 (6H,
m), 4.26 (2H, d, $J=5.7\text{Hz}$), 5.90-6.25 (2H, m), 11.82
20 (1H, br s)

MASS : 176 (M) (free)

Example 50

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-
25 (1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)piperazine (0.20 g), 5-morpholino-3-
pentynyl chloride hydrochloride (0.175 g), potassium
carbonate (0.303 g) and potassium iodide (10 mg) in dry
acetonitrile (4 ml) was stirred under reflux for 60 hours.
After removal of the solvent, the resulting residue was
30 dissolved with ethyl acetate. The solution was washed with
brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated under
reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column
chromatography on silica gel using toluene - ethyl acetate
(1:2) as eluent and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in
35 ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-

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bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(5-morpholino-3-pentynyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (0.174 g).

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -19.5° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3600-3150, 2700-2300, 1640, 1280, 1170,
1185 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.90-3.20 (23H, m), 6.80-8.30 (8H, m), 10.95 (1H, s), 11.79 (2H, br s)

MASS (APCI) : 608 (M+2), 607 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 52.70, H 5.28, N 7.93

Found : C 52.72, H 5.54, N 7.60

Example 51

To a mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (0.2 g), 1-methyl-4-formyl-1H-pyrazole (50 mg), and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (151 mg) in dichloromethane (2 ml) was added one drop of acetic acid. After being stirred at room temperature overnight, the solution was evaporated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution. The organic layer was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate-methanol as eluent and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl]piperazine hydrochloride (97 mg).

mp : 243-244°C

$[\alpha]_D^{18.2}$: -16.8° (C=0.3, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2750-2000, 1655, 1635, 1275, 1165,
1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.97-2.26 (7H, m), 2.78-5.10 (13H, m), 6.50-8.30 (8H, m), 11.24-11.74 (1H, br m)

MASS (APCI) : 539 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{27}H_{28}F_6N_4O \cdot HCl \cdot 2.7H_2O$:

C 52.00, H 5.56, N 8.98

Found : C 51.82, H 5.15, N 8.99

5 Example 52

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 51.

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]-piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -11.80° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3350, 2550, 1640, 1430, 1275, 1170, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.07 (3H, s), 2.17 (3H, s), 2.72-5.10 (11H, m), 3.88 (3H, s), 6.60-9.08 (8H, m)

MASS : 539 (M+1) (free)

(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)methyl]-piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -12.10° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3350, 2500, 1640, 1430, 1280, 1175, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.07 (3H, s), 2.16 (3H, s), 2.53-5.14 (11H, m), 3.94 (3H, s), 6.47-8.26 (8H, m)

MASS : 539 (M+1) (free)

Example 53

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 43.

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(3-morpholinopropyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

70

mp : 220-230°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{21.5}$: -17.3° (C=0.3, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2650, 1655, 1635, 1620, 1445, 1370,
1270 cm^{-1} 5 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.92-5.22 (29H, m), 6.56-8.23 (6H,
m), 11.43 (2H, br s)

MASS (APCI) : 572 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{35}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl}$:

C 54.04, H 5.79, N 6.52

10 Found : C 53.72, H 5.80, N 6.29

(2) (2R)-4-[2-[N,N-Bis(2-methoxyethyl)amino]ethyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-piperazine dihydrochloride

15 $[\alpha]_D^{22}$: -9.6° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2650, 1655, 1635, 1620, 1445, 1370,
1270 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.92-5.22 (27H, m), 3.32 (6H, s),
6.56-8.23 (6H, m)

20 MASS (APCI) : 604 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{39}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_3 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1.6\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 51.08, H 6.32, N 5.96

Found : C 51.06, H 6.40, N 6.14

25 (3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[3-(1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridin-1-yl)propyl]-piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : >200°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{23}$: -2.30° (C=0.5, MeOH)30 IR (Nujol) : 3500-3100, 2700-2400, 1630 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.20-4.20 (21H, m), 5.72 (1H, d,
 $J=10.2\text{Hz}$), 5.93 (1H, d, $J=10.2\text{Hz}$), 6.55-8.23 (8H,
m), 10.95 (1H, br s)

MASS (APCI) : 579 (M+1) (free)

35 Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O} \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

71

C 52.41, H 5.57, N 8.15

Found : C 52.03, H 5.77, N 7.72

(4) (2R)-4-[3-(3-Azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)propyl]-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 150°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25.4} : -2.90^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3500-3100, 2700-2400, 1630 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.60-3.90 (29H, m), 6.90-8.30 (6H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 652 (M+2), 650 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{35}\text{Cl}_2\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O} \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 50.22, H 5.30, N 5.67

Found : C 50.25, H 5.60, N 5.32

(5) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-[3-(4,1'-bipiperidin-1-yl)propyl]-piperazine trihydrochloride

mp : >200°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{28.4} : -3.40^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700-2400, 1630, 1450 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.60-3.90 (34H, m), 6.90-8.30 (6H, m)

MASS (FAB) : 693 (M+1), 695 (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{40}\text{Cl}_2\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O} \cdot 3\text{HCl}$:

C 49.36, H 5.40, N 6.98

Found : C 49.81, H 5.75, N 6.75

Example 54

A solution of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(4-morpholino-2-butynyl)piperazine (141 mg) in methanol (10 ml) was hydrogenated over 10% Pd-C (50 mg) at room temperature under 2-3 atoms. After removal of the catalyst by filtration, the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using dichloromethane-methanol

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as eluent and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(4-morpholinobutyl)-piperazine dihydrochloride (106 mg).

mp : 279°C

$[\alpha]_D^{23}$: -13.5° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700-2400, 1645, 1500, 1445, 1370, 1270, 1170 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.70-5.22 (31H, m), 6.56-8.28 (6H, m), 11.00-11.40 (2H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 586 (M+1) (free)

Example 55

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 54.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(5-morpholinopentyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{21}$: -6.10° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3400-3200, 2700-2400, 1640, 1430 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.50-5.20 (27H, m), 6.60-8.30 (6H, m), 10.80-11.50 (3H, m)

MASS : 611 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{36}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1.3\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 52.67, H 5.79, N 7.92

Found : C 52.66, H 6.13, N 7.76

Example 56

A solution of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(5-morpholino-3-pentynyl)piperazine (200 mg) was treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(5-morpholino-3-pentynyl)-piperazine dihydrochloride.

$[\alpha]_D^{21}$: -25.2° (C=0.5, MeOH)

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IR (Neat) : 3700-3100, 2920, 2750-2250, 1635, 1500,
1430, 1275, 1170, 1120 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.05-2.20 (6H, m), 2.75-5.15 (23H,
m), 6.65-8.28 (6H, m), 11.60-12.20 (2H, m)

5 MASS : 596 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{35}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 53.53, H 5.80, N 6.04

Found : C 53.47, H 6.14, N 5.91

10 Example 57

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine fumarate (9.13 g) was treated with aqueous 10% sodium hydroxide solution (65 ml) and dichloromethane (65 ml). The organic layer was separated,
15 washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine obtained by the above procedure, potassium carbonate (3.60 g) and 1,4-dichloro-2-butyne (1.9 ml) in N,N-dimethylformamide
20 (72 ml) was stirred for 4.5 hours at room temperature. The mixture was poured into water (360 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica
25 gel using toluene-ethyl acetate as eluent to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(4-chloro-2-butynyl)piperazine (4.66 g).

IR (Neat) : 1706, 1635, 1503, 1275, 1125 cm^{-1}

NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 2.05-5.20 (19H, m), 6.60-7.84 (6H, m)

30 MASS (APCI) : 531 (M+1)

Example 58

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(4-chloro-2-butynyl)piperazine (0.49
35 g), 3-methylmorpholine hydrochloride (0.15 g), potassium

carbonate (0.39 g) and potassium iodide (10 mg) in dry N,N-dimethylformamide (5 ml) was stirred for 5 hours at room temperature. The mixture was poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate as eluent and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[4-(3-methylmorpholino)-2-butynyl]piperazine dihydrochloride (0.28 g).

mp : 150-160°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25.4}$: -5.71° (C=1.0, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700-2400, 1650, 1430 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.20-5.22 (29H, m), 6.60-8.20 (6H, m), 12.20-12.40 (2H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 596 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{35}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1.7\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 53.25, H 5.82, N 6.01

Found : C 53.28, H 5.97, N 5.80

Example 59

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 58.

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[4-(2-methoxymethylmorpholino)-2-butynyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 150-165°C

$[\alpha]_D^{28.4}$: -8.86° (C=0.7, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700-2400, 1640, 1430 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-5.22 (28H, m), 3.25 (3H, s), 6.50-8.20 (6H, m), 12.20-12.40 (2H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 626 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{37}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_3 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$:

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C 53.64, H 5.77, N 5.86

Found : C 53.60, H 5.94, N 5.67

(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[4-(2-fluoromethylmorpholino)-2-butynyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 175-180°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{28.4}$: -8.75° (C=0.7, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700-2400, 1635, 1500 cm^{-1} 10 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-5.22 (28H, m), 6.50-8.20 (6H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 614 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{34}\text{F}_7\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 52.85, H 5.44, N 5.96

Found : C 52.82, H 5.45, N 5.74

(3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[4-(3,3-dimethylmorpholino)-2-butynyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 180-190°C

20 $[\alpha]_D^{28.3}$: -7.24° (C=1.05, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700-2400, 1635 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.30-1.40 (6H, m), 2.00-5.22 (25H, m), 6.60-8.20 (6H, m), 12.05-12.20 (2H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 610 (M+1H) (free)

25 Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{37}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 2.5\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 52.82, H 6.09, N 5.68

Found : C 52.64, H 5.89, N 5.78

(4) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[4-((2S)-2-methoxymethylpyrrolidino)-2-butynyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 195-197°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{28.4}$: -19.79° (C=0.7, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3450, 2700-2400, 1640, 1450 cm^{-1} 35 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-5.22 (28H, m), 3.32 (3H, s),

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6.50-8.20 (6H, m), 11.50-11.70 (2H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 610 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{32}H_{37}F_6N_3O_2 \cdot 2HCl \cdot 2H_2O$:

C 53.49, H 6.03, N 5.85

Found : C 53.66, H 5.73, N 5.82

(5) (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[4-(3-methoxymethylmorpholino)-2-
butynyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 140-155°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{28.4}$: -7.22° (C=0.63, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700-2400, 1635, 1440 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-5.22 (26H, m), 3.32 (3H, s),
6.50-8.20 (6H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 626 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{32}H_{37}F_6N_3O_3 \cdot 2HCl$:

C 52.32, H 5.90, N 5.72

Found : C 52.35, H 6.11, N 5.43

Example 60

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (0.38 g), potassium carbonate (0.42 g), 3-(3-pyridyl)-2-propynyl chloride hydrochloride (1.9 ml) and small amount of potassium iodide in N,N-dimethylformamide (10 ml) was stirred for 2 hours at 40°C. The mixture was poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate as eluent and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(3-pyridyl)-2-propynyl]piperazine dihydrochloride (0.26 g).

mp : 140-150°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{28.4}$: -10.13° (C=0.8, MeOH)

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IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2700-2400, 1630, 1450 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-5.22 (17H, m), 6.50-8.20 (6H, m), 8.70-8.85 (2H, m)

MASS (APCI) : 560 (M+1) (free)

5 Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{27}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}\cdot 2\text{HCl}\cdot 2.8\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 52.76, H 5.11, N 6.15

Found : C 52.74, H 4.96, N 6.05

Example 61

10 A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-
[(E)-4-chloro-2-butenyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)piperazine (300
mg), thiomorpholine (0.054 ml) and powdered potassium
carbonate (100 mg) in dry acetonitrile (3 ml) was heated at
50°C for 10 hours. Additional potassium carbonate (100 mg)
15 and thiomorpholine (0.054 ml) were added and then the
resulting mixture was further heated at the same temperature.
After 2 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and then
filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced
pressure and the resulting residue was purified by column
20 chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of
dichloromethane and methanol (40:1). The obtained product
was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen
chloride in ethyl acetate (0.6 ml) to give (2R)-1-[3,5-
bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-[(E)-4-
25 thiomorpholino-2-butenyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (190 mg).

mp : >230°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{25.9}$: -14.50° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3650-3100, 2410, 1640, 1274, 1130 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.55-3.30 (21H, m), 6.00-6.30 (2H,
30 m), 7.00-8.20 (10H)

MASS : 622 (M+1) (free)

Example 62

35 The following compounds were obtained according to a
similar manner to that of Example 61.

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(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-[(E)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : >230°C

5 $[\alpha]_D^{26.7}$: -16.60° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3600-3100, 2450, 1639, 1273, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.80-3.30 (21H, m), 6.10-6.30 (2H, m), 7.00-8.25 (10H, m)

MASS : 606 (M+1) (free)

10

(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-4-thiomorpholino-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : >230°C

15 $[\alpha]_D^{25.8}$: 5.20° (C=0.25, DMSO)

IR (Nujol) : 3600-3100, 2450, 1642, 1274, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.10-3.10 (27H, m), 5.90-6.30 (2H, m), 6.65-7.05 (3H, m), 7.57 (2H, s), 8.05 (1H, s)

MASS : 600 (M+1) (free)

20

Example 63

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-[(E)-4-chloro-2-butenyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (450 mg), 3,3-dimethylmorpholine hydrochloride (130 mg) and powdered potassium carbonate (350 mg) in dry acetonitrile (5 ml) was heated at reflux temperature for 3 hours. Additional potassium carbonate (350 mg) and 3,3-dimethylmorpholine hydrochloride (130 mg) were added and then the resulting mixture was further heated at reflux temperature. After 6 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and then filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of dichloromethane and methanol (50:1). The obtained product was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate

35

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solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-4-(3,3-dimethylmorpholino)-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride (370 mg).

mp : >230°C

5 $[\alpha]_D^{25.5}$: -11.70° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3400, 2450, 1639, 1274, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.34-1.40 (6H, m), 2.10-2.18 (6H, m), 2.70-5.20 (19H, m), 6.10-6.30 (2H, m), 6.65-6.80 (6H, m), 11.20-12.00 (2H, m)

10 MASS : 612 (M+1) (free)

Example 64

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (1.0 g), (E)-1,4-dichloro-2-butene (0.31 ml) and powdered potassium carbonate (0.4 g) in dry acetonitrile (10 ml) was heated at 50°C. After 4 hours, the reaction mixture was cooled and then filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of toluene and ethyl acetate (4:1) to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-4-chloro-2-butenyl]piperazine (0.53 g) as an oil.

IR (Neat) : 3460, 1638, 1272, 1125, 900 cm^{-1}

25 NMR (CDCl_3 , δ) : 2.00-5.20 (19H, m), 5.75-6.00 (2H, m), 6.60-8.00 (6H, m)

MASS : 533 (M+1)

Example 65

30 The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 64.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-[(E)-4-chloro-2-butenyl]piperazine

35 IR (Neat) : 1637, 1273, 1128, 900 cm^{-1}

80

NMR (CDCl₃, δ) : 2.05-5.20 (13H, m), 5.80-6.00 (2H, m), 7.10-8.10 (10H, m)

MASS : 555 (M+1)

5 Example 66

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-methylsulfonyloxypropyl)piperazine (150 mg), 4-aminomorpholine (36 mg) and triethylamine (52 mg) in dry methanol (5 ml) was refluxed for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution. The organic layer was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of ethyl acetate and methanol (10:1) to afford an oily product, which was treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (0.5 ml) to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[3-(morpholinoamino)propyl]piperazine dihydrochloride (56 mg).

$[\alpha]_D^{23}$: -3.60° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2500, 1630, 1420, 1275 cm⁻¹

NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 2.00-5.24 (23H, m), 6.60-8.28 (8H, m), 10.94 (1H, s), 11.50 (1H, br s)

MASS : 598 (M+1) (free)

Example 67

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 66.

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[2-(dis-2,6-dimethylmorpholino)ethyl]-piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -2.60° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2600, 1640, 1280, 1175, 1130 cm⁻¹

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.55 (6H, m), 2.52-5.20 (19H, m),
6.60-8.24 (8H, m), 10.95 (1H, s)

MASS : 597 (M+1) (free)

- 5 (2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[3-(cis-2,6-dimethylmorpholino)propyl]-piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -5.30° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2600, 1640, 1280 cm^{-1}

- 10 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.20 (6H, m), 2.08-5.20 (21H, m),
6.63-8.33 (8H, m), 10.94 (1H, s)

MASS : 611 (M-1) (free)

- 15 (3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[2-(1-imidazolylethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{21}$: -16.20° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2700, 2575, 1640, 1430, 1280, 1170,
1130 cm^{-1}

- 20 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.04-5.20 (13H, m), 2.09 (3H, s),
2.16 (3H, s), 6.55-8.22 (8H, m), 9.29 (1H, s)

MASS : 539 (M+1) (free)

- 25 (4) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(morpholinoamino)propyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -14.10° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2550, 1640, 1430, 1280 cm^{-1}

- 30 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.97-5.14 (23H, m), 2.10 (3H, s),
2.18 (3H, s), 6.64-8.24 (6H, m), 10.92 (1H, br s)

MASS : 597 (M+1) (free)

- 35 (5) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[2-(3-pyridylmethylamino)ethyl]-piperazine trihydrochloride

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 $[\alpha]_D^{21}$: 3.50° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3400, 2600, 1640, 1430, 1280, 1170,
1130 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.07-5.20 (13H, m), 2.10 (3H, s),
2.18 (3H, s), 4.50 (2H, s), 6.60-9.09 (10H, m),
10.32 (1H, br s)

MASS : 579 (M-1) (free)

(6) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-
dimethylbenzyl)-4-(2-homomorpholinoethyl)piperazine
dihydrochloride $[\alpha]_D^{17}$: -9.90° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3400, 2600, 2450, 1640, 1430, 1280 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.04-5.17 (23H, m), 2.10 (3H, s),
2.18 (3H, s), 6.62-8.26 (6H, m)

MASS : 572 (M-1) (free)

(7) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-
dimethylbenzyl)-4-(3-homomorpholinopropyl)piperazine
dihydrochloride $[\alpha]_D^{19}$: -10.0° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3400, 2600, 1635, 1430, 1280 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.73-5.20 (25H, m), 2.10 (3H, s),
2.18 (3H, s), 6.62-8.24 (6H, m)

MASS : 586 (M+1) (free)

(8) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-
ylmethyl)-4-(3-homomorpholinopropyl)piperazine
dihydrochloride $[\alpha]_D^{17}$: -5.50° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2650, 1640, 1275 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.90-5.23 (25H, m), 6.62-8.34 (8H,
m), 10.95 (1H, s)

MASS : 597 (M+1) (free)

(9) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-[3-(4-acetylpiperidino)propyl]-piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: 2.20° (C=0.5, MeOH)

5 IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2650, 1700, 1630, 1275 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.69-5.21 (24H, m), 2.16 (3H, s),
6.97-8.36 (6H, m)

MASS : 552 (M) (free)

10 (10) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(4-acetylpiperidino)propyl]-piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -11.30° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3425, 3375, 2500, 1705, 1640, 1275 cm^{-1}

15 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.67-5.20 (24H, m), 2.16 (6H, s),
2.18 (3H, s), 6.62-8.25 (6H, m), 10.60 (1H, br s),
11.49 (1H, br s)

MASS : 612 (M+1) (free)

20 (11) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)-4-(2-morpholinoethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: 6.10° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2600, 1630, 1270 cm^{-1}

25 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.14-5.16 (21H, m),
6.93-8.27 (6H, m)

MASS : 598 (M) (free)

(12) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[3-(4-methoxypiperidino)propyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

30

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -6.70° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3300, 2550, 1625, 1270 cm^{-1}

35 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.57-5.20 (24H, m), 3.27 (3H, s),
6.60-8.28 (8H, m), 10.95 (1H, s)

MASS : 611 (M+1) (free)

(13) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[2-[N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-methylamino]ethyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 222°C (dec.)

$[\alpha]_D^{23}$: -12.50° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3380, 2400, 1644, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.0-2.3 (7H, m), 2.88 (3H, s), 3.33 (3H, s), 2.3-5.3 (18H, m), 6.6-8.3 (6H, m)

MASS : 560 (M+1) (free)

(14) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(hexamethyleneimino)propyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{26}$: -11.70° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3400, 2600, 1640, 1430, 1280 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.49-5.20 (27H, m), 2.10 (3H, s), 2.19 (3H, s), 6.67-8.23 (6H, m)

MASS : 584 (M+1) (free)

(15) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[2-(4-pyridylmethylamino)ethyl]piperazine trihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -0.20° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3400, 2600, 1640, 1430, 1280, 1175, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.10 (3H, s), 2.18 (3H, s), 2.64-5.20 (13H, m), 4.16 (2H, s), 6.40-8.97 (10H, m)

MASS : 579 (M-1) (free)

(16) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(1,2,4-triazol-3-ylamino)propyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{24}$: -10.50° (C=0.5, MeOH)

85

IR (Neat) : 3075, 2700, 1675, 1640, 1430, 1280, 1170,
1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.05-5.20 (15H, m), 2.09 (3H, s),
2.18 (3H, s), 6.60-8.34 (9H, m)

5 MASS : 569 (M+1) (free)

Example 68

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)piperazine (300 mg), 4-thiomorpholino-2-butynyl chloride hydrochloride (170 mg) and powdered
10 potassium carbonate (210 mg) in dry acetonitrile (3 ml) was refluxed for 7.5 hours in the presence of potassium iodide (20 mg). The reaction mixture was cooled and then filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the
15 resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of ethyl acetate and methanol (50:1). The obtained product was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (0.6 ml) to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-
20 benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(4-thiomorpholino-2-butynyl)-piperazine dihydrochloride (300 mg).

mp : 152-156°C

$[\alpha]_D^{27}$: -47.30° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2500, 1637, 1275, 1125 cm^{-1}

25 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.70-5.30 (21H, m),
7.00-8.20 (10H, m)

MASS : 620 (M+1) (free)

Example 69

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(4-chloro-2-butynyl)piperazine (200 mg), 1-cyclohexylpiperazine (63 mg) and powdered potassium carbonate (210 mg) in dry N,N-dimethylformamide (2 ml) was stirred for 12 hours at room temperature. Additional
35 1-cyclohexylpiperazine (25 mg) was added and after 2 hours

the reaction mixture was poured into water (20 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of dichloromethane and methanol (30:1). The obtained product was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (0.6 ml) to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[4-(4-cyclohexylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-butynyl]piperazine trihydrochloride (220 mg).

mp : 175-190°C

$[\alpha]_D^{25.2}$: -7.20° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3370, 2750-1920, 1635, 1276, 1126 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.02-5.20 (38H, m), 6.60-8.30 (6H, m)

MASS : 664 (M+1) (free)

Example 70

Potassium carbonate (187 mg) and 2-(chloromethyl)-pyridine hydrochloride (81 mg) were added to a solution of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (200 mg) in N,N-dimethylformamide (4 ml) at room temperature with stirring. After 2 hours, the reaction mixture was poured into water (50 ml) and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and then dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of ethyl acetate and toluene (1:3) and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to afford (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(2-pyridylmethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (123 mg).

$[\alpha]_D^{23}$: -28.30° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3360, 2560, 1640, 1278, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.0-2.3 (10H, m), 2.6-5.6 (9H, m),

6.6-8.7 (10H, m)

MASS : 536 (M+1) (free)

Example 71

5 Lindlar catalyst ($\text{Pd-CaCO}_3\text{-Pb(OAc)}_2$) (40 mg) was added to a solution of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(4-morpholino-2-butyryl)piperazine in methanol (8 ml). The mixture was stirred for 2 hours under hydrogen at 25°C and then filtered. The filtrate was
10 concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was chromatographed on silica gel with dichloromethane-methanol (20:1) as eluent to give material which on treatment with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution afforded
15 (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[(Z)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride (104 mg).

 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: +0.40° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3700-3150, 2750-2300, 1635, 1275, 1170,
1120 cm^{-1} 20 NMR (DMSO-d_6 , δ) : 3.00-4.10 (21H, m), 6.05-6.35 (2H, m), 6.80-8.10 (8H, m), 10.72 (1H, s)

MASS : 595 (M+1) (free)

Example 72

25 The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 71.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(Z)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl]piperazine
30 dihydrochloride

mp : 243-246°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{25}$: -5.30° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3600-3150, 2600-2300, 1645, 1275, 1170,
1130 cm^{-1} 35 NMR (DMSO-d_6 , δ) : 2.10-2.20 (6H, m), 3.0-4.2 (21H,

88

m), 6.05-6.35 (2H, m), 6.80-7.10 (3H, m), 7.60 (2H, s), 8.09 (1H, s)

The NMR spectrum of this compound was measured at 90°C

5 MASS : 584 (M+1) (free)

Example 73

A solution of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(4-morpholino-2-butyryl)piperazine in methanol (10 ml) was hydrogenated in the presence of 10% Pd-carbon (50 mg) at room temperature. After completion of the reaction (1 hour and 20 minutes), the reaction mixture was filtered and then chromatographed on silica gel with dichloromethane-methanol (20:1) to give material which on treatment with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution afforded (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(4-morpholinobutyl)piperazine dihydrochloride (165.1 mg).

[α]_D²¹ : -7.10° (C=0.5, MeOH)
20 IR (Nujol) : 3700-3150, 2720-2450, 1635, 1275, 1180-1080 cm⁻¹
NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 1.70-2.00 (4H, m), 2.95-5.20 (21H, m), 6.60-8.25 (8H, m), 10.95 (1H, s), 11.10-11.80 (2H, m)
25 MASS : 597 (M+1) (free)

Example 74

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 73.

30

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(5-morpholinopentyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 235-238°C

35 [α]_D²² : -13.90° (C=0.5, MeOH)

89

IR (Nujol) : 3500-3100, 2600, 1630, 1270, 1180-1060 cm^{-1}
NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.2-2.0 (6H, m), 2.0-2.5 (8H, m),
2.6-5.2 (19H, m), 6.6-8.3 (6H, m), 11.26 (2H, m)
MASS : 600 (M+1) (free)

5

Example 75

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine (200 mg) and potassium carbonate (167 mg) were added to a mixture of (E)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl chloride hydrochloride (105 mg) and acetonitrile (3 ml). The resulting mixture was heated at reflux temperature under stirring. After 16 hours, the reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic phase was separated and washed with brine, and dried over magnesium sulfate. The solvent was removed in vacuo to leave an oil which was chromatographed on silica gel with dichloromethane-methanol (50:1) as eluent to give material which on treatment with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution (0.2 ml) afforded (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride (194 mg).

mp : 236-242°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{19.6}$: -10.8° (C=0.3, MeOH)

25 IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2900, 1645, 1275, 1185, 1170,
1135 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.16 (3H, s), 2.20 (3H, s), 2.60-4.60 (19H, m), 3.91 (4H, t, J=4.8Hz), 6.04-6.40 (2H, m), 6.74-7.15 (3H, m), 7.61 (2H, s), 8.08 (1H, s)

30

The NMR spectrum of this compound was measured at 90°C.

MASS : 584 (M+1) (free)

35 Example 76

90

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 75.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[(E)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl]piperazine
dihydrochloride

mp : 123-126°C

$[\alpha]_D^{20}$: -0.2° (C=0.3, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2750-2000, 1655, 1635, 1275, 1175,
1125 cm⁻¹

NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 2.60-3.00 (17H, m), 3.89 (4H, t, J=4.8Hz), 6.00-6.40 (2H, m), 6.70-7.50 (5H, m), 7.80 (2H, s), 8.03 (1H, s), 10.74 (1H, s)

The NMR spectrum of this compound was measured at 90°C.

MASS : 595 (M+1) (free)

Example 77

To a stirred mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-piperazine (0.2 g) and 1-methyl-4-formyl-1H-pyrazole (0.05 g) in dichloromethane (2 ml) under nitrogen atmosphere was added sodium triacetoxyborohydride (151 mg) at room temperature. After 4 hours, the reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure, and ethyl acetate (20 ml) and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution (10 ml) were added to the residue. The organic layer was separated and washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of ethyl acetate and methanol (50:1). The obtained product was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methyl]piperazine hydrochloride (154

mg).

mp : 122-136°C

$[\alpha]_D^{18.6}$: -8.50° (C=0.3, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 2750-2000, 1655, 1640, 1275, 1175,
1125 cm⁻¹

NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 2.80-5.20 (14H, m), 6.50-8.30 (10H,
m), 10.90 (1H, s), 11.40-11.90 (1H, br s)

MASS : 550 (M+1) (free)

10 Example 78

A mixture of (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[2-(methylsulfonyloxy)ethyl]piperazine (200 mg), 2-ethoxyethylamine (0.044 ml) and triethylamine (0.093 ml) in acetonitrile (5 ml) was refluxed for 1.5 hours.

15 The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution. The organic layer was washed with brine and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was
20 purified by column chromatography on silica gel using a mixture of dichloromethane and methanol (20:1) to afford an oily product, which was dissolved in ethyl acetate and treated with 4N hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate solution to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-
25 dimethylbenzyl)-4-[2-(2-ethoxyethylamino)ethyl]piperazine dihydrochloride (64.5 mg)

$[\alpha]_D^{22}$: -6.70° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3400, 2650, 1640, 1430, 1280, 1170, 1150,
900 cm⁻¹

30 NMR (DMSO-d₆, δ) : 1.63 (3H, m), 2.0-2.30 (6H, m),
2.6-5.3 (20H, m), 6.6-8.3 (6H, m), 9.2-9.6 (1H, br
s), 11.2-11.6 (1H, br s)

MASS : 560 (M+1) (free)

35 Preparation 8

To a mixture of N-(tert-butylcarbonyl)-4-fluoro-D-phenylalanine (5.25 g), N-benzylglycine benzyl ester hydrochloride (5.41 g) and triethylamine (9.04 ml) in dichloromethane (50 ml) was added 2-chloro-1-methylpyridinium iodide (5.21 g) at room temperature, and the mixture was stirred for 2.5 hours. The mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the resulting residue was dissolved into ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate solution was washed with diluted hydrochloric acid, saturated sodium hydrogen carbonate aqueous solution and brine successively, and dried over magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the resulting residue was chromatographed on a silica gel using a mixture of toluene and ethyl acetate as an eluent to give (2R)-N-benzyl-N-benzyloxycarbonylmethyl-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanamide (9.62 g).

$[\alpha]_D^{23.6}$: +9.10° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 1735, 1680, 1650 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.24, 1.30 (9H, 2s), 2.70-2.90 (2H, m), 3.85-4.80 (5H, m), 5.12 (2H, d, J=3.2Hz), 6.95-7.45 (14H, m)

MASS : 521 (M+1)

Preparation 9

To an ice-cooled solution of (2R)-N-benzyl-N-benzyloxycarbonylmethyl-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)propanamide (9.48 g) in dichloromethane (55 ml) was added 4N hydrogen chloride in dioxane solution (54.6 ml). The mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 15 minutes and at room temperature for one hour. After removal of solvent by evaporation, excess aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution was added to the resulting residue. The mixture was warmed at near 50°C for several minutes and the resulting precipitates were collected by filtration and washed with water and dried in vacuo to give (3R)-1-benzyl-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperazine-2,5-dione (5.00 g).

93

 $[\alpha]_D^{27.3}$: -20.30° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3200, 3050, 1665, 1220 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.80 (1H, d, J=17.3Hz), 2.88 (1H, dd, J=13.7Hz, 4.7Hz), 3.15 (1H, dd, J=13.7Hz, 4.1Hz), 3.53 (1H, d, J=17.3Hz), 4.15 (1H, d, J=14.4Hz), 4.26 (1H, m), 4.63 (1H, d, J=14.4Hz), 6.80-7.40 (9H, m), 8.33 (1H, br s)

MASS : 313 (M+1)

10 Preparation 10

To an ice-cooled suspension of lithium aluminum hydride (1.2 g) in tetrahydrofuran (91 ml) was added (3R)-1-benzyl-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperazine-2,5-dione (4.95 g) by small portions. The mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 15 minutes and at room temperature for one hour. After removal of solvent by evaporation, aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate solution was added to the resulting residue. The mixture was warmed at near 50°C for several minutes and the resulting precipitates were collected by filtration, washed with water and dried in vacuo to give (3R)-1-benzyl-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperazine (4.60 g) as an oil.

IR (Neat) : 3300, 1215 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.90 (2H, m), 2.45-2.90 (5H, m), 3.30-3.45 (4H, m), 6.95-7.35 (9H, m)

MASS : 285 (M+1)

25 Preparation 11

A mixture of (2R)-4-benzyl-1-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-benzoyl)-2-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperazine (7.92 g), ammonium formate (2.38 g) and 10% palladium charcoal (0.79 g) in a mixed solvent of ethanol (80 ml) and water (8 ml) was stirred for 1.5 hours at 60°C under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered through Celite[®] pad. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved into ethyl

acetate. The solution was washed with water and brine successively, dried over magnesium sulfate, and evaporated under reduced pressure to give (2R)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-fluorobenzyl)piperazine (6.04 g) as an oil.

$[\alpha]_D^{27.5}$: -11.70° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3300, 1630, 1150 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.55-3.80 (8H, m), 4.25 (1H, m),

6.90-7.50 (5H, m), 7.64 (1H, br s), 8.13 (1H, br s)

MASS : 435 (M+1)

Preparation 12

The following compounds were prepared by a similar manner to that of Preparation 8.

(1) (2R)-N-Benzyl-N-benzyloxycarbonylmethyl-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanamide

$[\alpha]_D^{24.0}$: $+6.60^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3300, 1740, 1700, 1650, 1240 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.27, 1.31 (9H, 2s), 2.76 (2H, m),

3.69, 3.70 (3H, 2s), 3.95-4.90 (5H, m), 5.13 (2H,

d, J=4.9Hz), 6.70-7.36 (14H, m)

MASS : 533 (M+1)

(2) (2R)-N-Benzyl-N-benzyloxycarbonylmethyl-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)propanamide

$[\alpha]_D^{26.4}$: $+9.00^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3350, 1735, 1720, 1670, 1650 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.19, 1.27 (9H, 2s), 2.90 (2H, m),

4.00-4.75 (5H, m), 5.12 (2H, s), 7.10-7.60 (15H, m)

MASS : 571 (M+1)

(3) (2R)-N-Benzyl-N-benzyloxycarbonylmethyl-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-(1-naphthyl)propanamide

$[\alpha]_D^{27.7}$: -0.60° (C=0.5, MeOH)

95

IR (Neat) : 3300, 2970, 1740, 1700, 1645 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO-d_6 , δ) : 1.18, 1.26 (9H, 2s), 3.20-3.50 (2H, m), 3.90-5.20 (7H, m), 7.10-8.10 (17H, m)

MASS : 553 (M+1)

5

Preparation 13

The following compounds were prepared by a similar manner to that of Preparation 9.

10 (1) (3R)-1-Benzyl-3-(4-methoxybenzyl)piperazine-2,5-dione

 $[\alpha]_D^{27-9}$: -38.60° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3250, 1680, 1640, 1245 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO-d_6 , δ) : 2.66 (1H, d, J=17.2Hz), 2.80 (1H, dd, J=13.6Hz, 4.7Hz), 3.09 (1H, dd, J=13.6Hz,

15 3.8Hz), 3.46 (1H, d, J=17.2Hz), 3.67 (3H, s), 4.11

(1H, d, J=14.4Hz), 4.22 (1H, br s), 4.65 (1H, d,

J=14.4Hz), 6.63 (2H, d, J=8.7Hz), 6.93 (2H, d,

J=8.7Hz), 7.10-7.40 (5H, m), 8.30 (1H, br s)

MASS : 325 (M+1)

20

(2) (3R)-1-Benzyl-3-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)piperazine-2,5-dione

 $[\alpha]_D^{26-6}$: -12.00° (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3250, 1680, 1650 cm^{-1} 25 NMR (DMSO-d_6 , δ) : 2.85 (1H, d, J=17.4Hz), 3.00 (1H,

dd, J=13.4Hz, 4.8Hz), 3.25 (1H, dd, J=13.4Hz,

4.4Hz), 3.59 (1H, d, J=17.4Hz), 4.08 (1H, d,

J=14.4Hz), 4.35 (1H, br s), 4.74 (1H, d, J=14.4Hz),

7.00-7.15 (2H, m), 7.25-7.35 (5H, m), 7.48 (2H, d,

30 J=3.1Hz), 8.41 (1H, s)

MASS : 363 (M+1)

(3) (3R)-1-Benzyl-3-(1-naphthylmethyl)piperazine-2,5-dione

IR (Nujol) : 3250, 1685, 1655 cm^{-1} 35 NMR (DMSO-d_6 , δ) : 2.92 (1H, d, J=17.2Hz), 3.40-3.65

96

(3H, m), 4.31 (3H, s), 7.03 (2H, m), 7.29 (5H, m),
7.54 (2H, m), 7.82 (1H, dd, J=6.5Hz, 3.0Hz), 7.94
(1H, m), 8.14 (1H, m), 8.31 (1H, d, J=3.0Hz)

MASS : 345 (M+1)

5

Preparation 14

The following compounds were prepared by a similar manner to that of Preparation 10.

10 (1) (3R)-1-Benzyl-3-(4-methoxybenzyl)piperazine

IR (Neat) : 3250, 1240 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.60-2.00 (4H, m), 2.40-2.90 (5H, m), 3.30-3.50 (2H, m), 3.70 (3H, s), 6.81 (2H, d, J=8.6Hz), 7.07 (2H, d, J=8.6Hz), 7.15-7.40 (6H, m)

15 MASS : 297 (M+1)

(2) (3R)-1-Benzyl-3-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)piperazine

$[\alpha]_D^{27.2}$: -5.80° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3250, 2925, 2800, 1320 cm^{-1}

20 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.72 (1H, t, J=10.0Hz), 1.91 (1H, m), 2.55-2.95 (6H, m), 3.30-3.50 (3H, m), 7.15-7.35 (6H, m), 7.40 (2H, d, J=8.0Hz), 7.60 (2H, d, J=8.0Hz)

MASS : 335 (M+1)

25

(3) (3R)-1-Benzyl-3-(1-naphthylmethyl)piperazine

$[\alpha]_D^{27.6}$: -21.80° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3300, 3050, 2925, 2800 cm^{-1}

30 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.75-2.05 (2H, m), 2.50-3.60 (9H, m), 7.10-7.65 (9H, m), 7.77 (1H, d, J=7.9Hz), 7.90 (1H, m), 8.12 (1H, dd, J=7.1Hz, 2.3Hz)

MASS : 317 (M+1)

Preparation 15

35

The following compounds were prepared by a similar

manner to that of Preparation 11.

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)piperazine

5 $[\alpha]_D^{28.1} : -32.60^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3300, 1630, 1280 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.40-3.55 (9H, m), 3.72 (3H, s),
6.70-8.45 (7H, m)

MASS : 447 (M+1)

10

(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)piperazine

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.60-3.70 (9H, m), 7.15-7.40 (2H, m), 7.50-7.75 (4H, m), 8.12 (1H, s)

15

MASS : 485 (M+1)

(3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1-naphthylmethyl)piperazine

$[\alpha]_D^{28.1} : +24.70^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)

20 IR (Neat) : 3340, 3050, 2950, 2825, 1630 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.50-4.30 (9H, m), 7.10-8.55 (10H, m)

MASS : 467 (M+1)

Preparation 16

25 A mixture of 1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxaldehyde (2.0 g) and triethyl phosphonoacetate (4.52 g) in N,N-dimethylformamide (20 ml) was stirred under ice-cooling. After several minutes, sodium hydride (1.09 g, 60% in mineral oil) was added to the mixture, which was stirred for 1 hour
30 at the same temperature. The resulting mixture was poured into ice-water, neutralized with aqueous ammonium acetate solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue
35 was chromatographed on a silica gel using a mixture of hexane

and ethyl acetate as an eluent to give ethyl (E)-3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)acrylate.

IR (Nujol) : 2975, 1700, 1635 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.32 (3H, t, $J=7.1\text{Hz}$), 4.23 (2H, q, $J=7.1\text{Hz}$), 6.16 (1H, d, $J=16.0\text{Hz}$), 7.54 (1H, s), 7.55 (1H, d, $J=16.0\text{Hz}$), 7.69 (1H, s)

MASS : 161 (M+1)

Preparation 17

A solution of 2-(E)-3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)acrylate (1.04 g) in tetrahydrofuran (50 ml) was hydrogenated over 10% palladium charcoal (0.2 g) at room temperature at 2 atm of hydrogen. After removal of catalyst by filtration through Celite® pad, the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to give ethyl 3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-propionate.

IR (Neat) : 2950, 1725 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.24 (3H, t, $J=7.1\text{Hz}$), 2.50 (2H, t, $J=7.5\text{Hz}$), 2.78 (2H, t, $J=7.5\text{Hz}$), 3.84 (3H, s), 4.13 (2H, q, $J=7.1\text{Hz}$), 7.18 (1H, s), 7.31 (1H, s)

MASS : 183 (M+1)

Preparation 18

To an ice-cooled solution of ethyl 3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propionate (1.05 g) in tetrahydrofuran (10 ml) was added lithium aluminum hydride (0.22 g) under nitrogen atmosphere. After the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes, water and 15% sodium hydroxide aqueous solution were added successively to the mixture. The resulting precipitates were filtered off through Celite® pad and the filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water, dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-propanol.

IR (Neat) : 3300, 2930 cm^{-1}

99

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.87 (2H, m), 2.55 (2H, t, $J=7.6\text{Hz}$), 3.68 (2H, t, $J=6.1\text{Hz}$), 3.85 (3H, s), 7.16 (1H, s), 7.31 (1H, s)

MASS : 141 (M+1)

5

Preparation 19

To a solution of oxalyl chloride (0.361 ml) in dichloromethane (10 ml) cooled below -65°C with a dry ice-acetone bath, a solution of dimethyl sulfoxide (0.381 ml) in dichloromethane (1 ml) was added with efficient stirring over 10 minutes. After 20 minutes below -65°C , a solution of 3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-propanol in dichloromethane (2 ml) was added to the mixture over 10 minutes below -65°C and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 20 minutes and then at -45 - -40°C for 30 minutes. After addition of triethylamine dropwise to the mixture over 10 minutes followed by stirring for 15 minutes, 1N hydrochloric acid solution was added to the mixture. The resulting mixture was extracted with a mixture of dichloromethane and methanol several times. The extract was concentrated under reduced pressure and the resulting residue was chromatographed on a silica gel using a mixture of dichloromethane and methanol as an eluent to give 3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-1-propanal.

25 IR (Neat) : 2925, 1720 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.65-2.90 (4H, m), 3.86 (3H, s), 7.17 (1H, s), 7.32 (1H, s), 9.80 (1H, s)

MASS : 139 (M+1)

30 Example 79

To a mixture of 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (4.13 g, and pyridine (0.041 ml) in tetrahydrofuran (12.5 ml) was added oxalyl chloride (3.25 g) over 15 minutes at $22-38^\circ\text{C}$ and the mixture was stirred at 55°C for 4 hours. The acid chloride solution obtained above procedure was added to an

100

ice-cooled solution of (3R)-1-benzyl-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)-
piperazine (4.51 g) and triethylamine (4.83 g) in
dichloromethane (45 ml) under 5°C for 30 minutes. After
being stirred for 2 hours at room temperature, the mixture
was washed with water and brine successively, and dried over
magnesium sulfate. After evaporation of the solvent, the
resulting residue was chromatographed on a silica gel using a
mixture of toluene and ethyl acetate as an eluent to give
(2R)-4-benzyl-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-
fluorobenzyl)piperazine (0.87 g) as a syrup.

$[\alpha]_D^{27.5}$: -11.50° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 1740, 1150 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-4.40 (11H, m), 6.80-7.50 (10H,
m), 7.74 (1H, br s), 8.13 (1H, br)

MASS : 525 (M+1)

Example 80

The following compounds were prepared by a similar
manner to that of Example 79.

(1) (2R)-4-Benzyl-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-
methoxybenzyl)piperazine

$[\alpha]_D^{28.0}$: -21.40° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 1740, 1640, 1270 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.70-2.40 (3H, m), 2.60-3.80 (11H,
m), 6.60-7.60 (10H, m), 7.65-8.55 (2H, m)

MASS : 537 (M+1)

(2) (2R)-4-Benzyl-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-
trifluoromethylbenzyl)piperazine

IR (Neat) : 2950, 2800, 1765, 1740, 1640 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.70-4.30 (11H, m), 7.13 (1H, d,
J=7.8Hz), 7.20-7.70 (10H, m), 8.13 (1H, d, J=7.8Hz)

MASS : 575 (M+1)

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(3) (2R)-4-Benzyl-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1-naphthylmethyl)piperazine

$[\alpha]_D^{27.5} : -9.79^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 1640 cm^{-1}

5 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.00-4.40 (11H, m), 7.00-8.55 (15H, m)

MASS : 557 (M+1)

Example 81

10 The following compound was prepared by a similar manner to that of Example 66.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(cis-2,6-dimethylmorpholino)propyl]-piperazine dihydrochloride

15 $[\alpha]_D^{21.0} : -11.10^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3400, 2550, 2450, 1640, 1430, 1280, 1175, 1130 cm^{-1}

20 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.14 (6H, m), 2.05-5.24 (19H, m), 2.10 (3H, s), 2.18 (3H, s), 6.64-8.24 (6H, m)

MASS : 600 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{31}H_{39}F_6N_3O_2 \cdot 2HCl \cdot 2.35H_2O$

C 52.08, H 6.29, N 5.77

Found : C 52.08, H 6.44, N 5.68

25

Example 82

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 23.

30 (1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[N-(3-pyridylmethyl)-3-aminopropyl]-piperazine trihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.4} : -13.60^\circ$ (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3600-3100, 2800-1950, 1270, 1125 cm^{-1}

35 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.09-5.20 (24H, m), 6.60-9.00

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(10H, m)

MASS : 593 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{21}H_{34}F_6N_4O \cdot 3HCl \cdot 4H_2O$:

C 48.10, H 5.86, N 7.24

Found : C 47.89, H 5.75, N 7.02

(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(N-morpholino-2-aminoethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

[α]_D^{25.5} : -26.80° (C=0.25, MeOH)IR (Neat) : 3600-3000, 2800-2000, 1630, 1274, 1120 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.02-5.20 (28H, m), 6.50-8.30 (6H, m)

MASS : 573 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{28}H_{34}F_6N_4O_2 \cdot 2HCl \cdot 9/2H_2O \cdot 1/4CH_3CO_2 \cdot C_2H_5$:

C 46.53, H 6.33, N 7.48

Found : C 46.64, H 6.23, N 6.67

(3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(N-morpholino-4-amino-2-butynyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

[α]_D^{26.0} : -9.80° (C=0.25, MeOH)IR (Neat) : 3600-3000, 2600-1950, 1630, 1273, 1120 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.10-5.20 (28H, m), 6.20-8.30 (6H, m)

MASS : 597 (M+1) (free)

(4) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[N-methyl-N-(3-pyridylmethyl)-2-aminoethyl]piperazine trihydrochloride

[α]_D^{26.4} : -11.80° (C=0.25, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3600-3100, 2700-1950, 1630, 1275, 1122 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.10-5.20 (24H, m), 6.60-7.80 (6H, m), 8.10-8.35 (2H, m), 8.70-8.95 (2H, m)

MASS : 593 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $C_{31}H_{34}F_6N_4O \cdot 3HCl \cdot 7/2H_2O$:

C 48.67, H 5.80, N 7.32

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Found : C 48.88, H 5.88, N 6.79

(5) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-N-(3-pyridylmethyl)-4-amino-2-butenyl]piperazine trihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.5} : -10.40^\circ$ (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3600-3100, 2800-1950, 1630, 1274, 1124 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.09-5.20 (22H, m), 6.05-6.25 (2H, m), 6.60-9.00 (10H, m)

MASS : 605 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{34}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O} \cdot 3\text{HCl} \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 47.80, H 5.89, N 6.97

Found : C 47.81, H 5.53, N 6.48

(6) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-N-morpholino-4-amino-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.5} : -6.40^\circ$ (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3600-3000, 2750-1950, 1620, 1273, 1120 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.09-5.20 (26H, m), 5.80-8.30 (6H, m)

MASS : 599 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{36}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 7/2\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 49.05, H 6.17, N 7.63

Found : C 49.15, H 6.16, N 7.41

(7) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-[N-(3-pyridylmethyl)-2-aminoethyl]piperazine trihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.5} : -11.00^\circ$ (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3600-3100, 2800-1950, 1630, 1273, 1120 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.50-5.20 (16H, m), 7.00-9.00 (14H, m)

MASS : 601 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{30}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O} \cdot 3\text{HCl} \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 49.15, H 5.28, N 7.16

Found : C 49.26, H 5.24, N 6.90

(8) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(N-morpholino-2-aminoethyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.6} : -34.80^\circ$ (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3600-3100, 2800-1950, 1630, 1273, 1120 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.50-5.30 (22H, m), 7.00-8.20 (10H, m)

MASS : 595 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 11/3\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 49.12, H 5.68, N 7.64

Found : C 49.04, H 5.57, N 7.39

(9) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(N-morpholino-3-aminopropyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.6} : -40.10^\circ$ (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3650-3100, 2800-1970, 1636, 1275, 1123 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.20-5.30 (24H, m), 7.00-8.20 (10H, m), 10.60-11.80 (3H, m)

MASS : 610 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{34}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 50.62, H 5.75, N 7.62

Found : C 50.72, H 5.58, N 6.99

(10) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-[(E)-N-(3-pyridylmethyl)-4-amino-2-butenyl]piperazine trihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.4} : -20.40^\circ$ (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3650-3100, 2750-1930, 1620, 1272, 1122 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 3.00-5.30 (16H, m), 6.00-6.30 (2H, m), 7.00-9.10 (14H, m)

MASS : 627 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O} \cdot 3\text{HCl} \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 52.89, H 5.09, N 7.26

Found : C 52.73, H 5.09, N 7.16

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(11) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-[(E)-N-morpholino-4-amino-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.6}$: -13.00° (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3650-3000, 2750-1970, 1630, 1274 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.80-5.30 (22H, m), 6.15-6.50 (2H, m), 7.00-8.25 (10H, m)

MASS : 621 (M+1) (free)

10 (12) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-[N-(3-pyridylmethyl)-3-aminopropyl]piperazine trihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.6}$: -24.60° (C=0.25, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3600-3100, 2750-1950, 1630, 1273, 1121 cm^{-1}

15 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.20-5.30 (18H, m), 7.00-9.10 (14H, m)

MASS : 615 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\text{O}\cdot 3\text{HCl}\cdot 10/3\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 50.56, H 5.36, N 7.15

Found : C 50.53, H 5.36, N 6.94

20

Example 33

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 35.

25 (1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-4-(4-homomorpholine-2-butynyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.0}$: -19.60° (C=0.3, MeOH)

IR (Neat) : 3400, 2500, 1640, 1430, 1280, 1175, 1130 cm^{-1}

30

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.95-5.34 (23H, m), 7.05-8.20 (10H, m)

MASS : 616 (M-1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{33}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\cdot 2\text{HCl}\cdot 2.9\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 53.37, H 5.53, N 5.66

35

Found : C 53.38, H 5.47, N 5.67

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(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3-fluoro-4-methylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

$[\alpha]_D^{28.0}$: -4.50° (C=0.5, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 2400, 1645, 1275, 1135 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.20 (3H, s), 2.80-5.20 (21H, m),
6.00-8.25 (6H, m)

MASS : 589 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_7\text{N}_3\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl}$:

C 52.74, H 5.19, N 6.36

Found : C 52.39, H 5.20, N 6.29

(3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3-fluoro-4-methylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-4-chloro-2-butenyl]piperazine

IR (Neat) : 1640, 1430, 1275, 1130 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.91-4.93 (13H, m), 5.71-8.20 (8H, m)

MASS : 537 (M+1)

(4) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-(4-morpholino-2-butynyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 98-101°C

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.0-5.2 (25H, m), 5.74 (1H, br d),
5.89 (1H, br d), 6.6-8.2 (6H, m)

MASS : 578 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{33}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O} \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$

C 54.23, H 5.73, N 6.12

Found : C 53.99, H 5.88, N 5.93

Example 64

The following compounds were obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 50.

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-fluorobenzyl)-4-(4-thiomorpholino-2-butynyl)piperazine

107

dihydrochloride

mp : 180°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{25.0} : +5.00^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 3350, 1630, 1125 cm^{-1}

5 NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.60-4.30 (21H, m), 6.85-7.25 (3H, m), 7.46 (2H, br s), 7.75 (1H, br s), 8.16 (1H, d, J=9.4Hz)

MASS : 588 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{28}\text{F}_7\text{N}_3\text{O}_5 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$:

10 C 49.56, H 4.75, N 6.19

Found : C 49.47, H 5.13, N 5.93

(2) (2S)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-4-(4-thiomorpholino-2-butynyl)piperazine
15 dihydrochloride

mp : 197°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{28.1} : -5.60^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 2500, 1640, 1275 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.60-4.70 (24H, m), 6.70-8.30 (7H, m)

20 MASS : 600 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{31}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{S} \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1.3\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 50.05, H 5.16, N 6.04

Found : C 50.06, H 5.36, N 5.77

25 (3) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-4-(4-thiomorpholino-2-butynyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 173°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{28.0} : -9.60^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)

30 IR (Nujol) : 2400, 1640 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.70-5.30 (21H, m), 7.22 (1H, d, J=7.7Hz), 7.41 (1H, s), 7.50-7.80 (4H, m), 8.18 (1H, d, J=7.0Hz)

MASS : 638 (M+1) (free)

35 Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{28}\text{F}_9\text{N}_3\text{O}_5 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1.3\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

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C 47.46, H 4.46, N 5.73

Found : C 47.43, H 4.61, N 5.51

(4) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1-naphthylmethyl)-4-(4-chiomorpholino-2-butynyl)piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 191°C (dec.)

 $[\alpha]_D^{28.0} : +15.60^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 2500, 1635 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 2.65-4.80 (21H, m), 7.10-8.60 (10H, m)

MASS : 620 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{31}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\cdot 2\text{HCl}\cdot 0.4\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 54.92, H 4.87, N 6.00

Found : C 54.88, H 5.04, N 5.65

Example 85

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 51.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)propyl]piperazine hydrochloride

mp : 163-165°C

 $[\alpha]_D^{25.3} : -19.80^\circ$ (C=0.5, MeOH)IR (Nujol) : 2550, 1635 cm^{-1} NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.90-2.25 (6H, m), 2.00-4.00 (13H, br), 6.65-8.25 (8H, m)

MASS : 567 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{32}\text{F}_6\text{N}_4\cdot \text{HCl}\cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 56.08, H 5.68, N 9.02

Found : C 56.44, H 5.76, N 8.98

Example 86

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 61.

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(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-[4-(3,3-dimethylmorpholino)-2-butenyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

mp : 210°C (dec.)

5 $[\alpha]_D^{26.4}$: +0.63° (C=0.11, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3660-3300, 2700-2300, 1640, 1445, 1430, 1370, 1270 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.30-1.50 (6H, m), 2.85-5.25 (19H, m), 6.05-6.30 (2H, m), 6.65-6.25 (8H, m), 10.97 (1H, br s), 11.40-12.20 (2H, m)

10 MASS : 623 (M+1) (free)

Example 67

The following compound was obtained according to a similar manner to that of Example 54.

(2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(3-pyridyl)propyl]piperazine dihydrochloride

20 mp : 163-168°C

$[\alpha]_D^{24.7}$: +5.77° (C=1.3, MeOH)

IR (Nujol) : 3600-3300, 2700-2300, 1635, 1445, 1430, 1370, 1280 cm^{-1}

NMR (DMSO- d_6 , δ) : 1.92-5.22 (29H, m), 6.56-8.28 (6H, m), 11.43 (2H, br s)

25 MASS : 564 (M+1) (free)

Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{31}\text{F}_6\text{N}_3\text{O} \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 2.4\text{H}_2\text{O}$:

C 53.01, H 5.60, N 6.16

Found : C 53.04, H 5.93, N 5.77

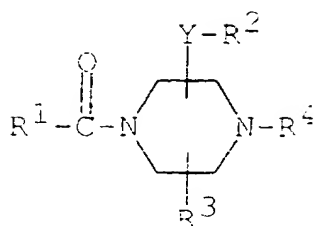
30

35

110

C L A I M S

1. A compound of the formula :



wherein

Y is bond or lower alkylene,

R¹ is aryl which may have suitable substituent(s),

R² is aryl or indolyl each of which may have suitable substituent(s),

R³ is hydrogen or lower alkyl,

R⁴ is chloro(lower)alkenyl;

chloro(lower)alkynyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkenyl;

N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino-(lower)alkyl;

triazolylamino(lower)alkyl;

lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)alkyl;

N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino-(lower)alkyl;

hydroxy(lower)alkyl;

lower alkylsulfonyloxy(lower)alkyl;

phenyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkanoyl, amino, lower alkanoylamino,

di(lower)alkylaminocarbonyl or nitro;

lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkylcarbonyl;

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lower alkanoylbenzoyl;
benzoyl(lower)alkyl which has lower alkyl, chlorine
or di(lower)alkylamino;
benzoyl(lower)alkyl which has halogen and lower
5 alkyl;
dihalobenzoyl(lower)alkyl;
di(lower)alkylbenzoyl(lower)alkyl;
3-fluorobenzoyl(lower)alkyl;
3-(4-fluorobenzoyl)propyl;
10 4,4-ethylenedioxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl;
piperazinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl which has
cyclopentyl or halophenyl;
(2-pyridyl)(lower)alkyl;
(3-pyridyl)propyl;
15 (3-pyridyl)(lower)alkynyl;
imidazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
pyrazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
thiomorpholinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl;
(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonyl(lower)alkyl; or
20 thienylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkynyl,
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(lower)alkyl,
4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)-
25 alkyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkenyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl,
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl,
30 saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl or
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl, each of
which may have suitable substituent(s),
and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

35 2. The compound of claim 1, in which

Y is lower alkylene,

R¹ is C₆-C₁₀ aryl which may have 1 to 3 mono(or di or tri)halo(lower)alkyl,

R² is C₆-C₁₀ aryl or indolyl, each of which may have 1 to 3 suitable substituent(s) selected from the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, mono(or di or tri)halo(lower)alkyl and halogen,

R³ is hydrogen, and

R⁴ is chloro(lower)alkenyl;

chloro(lower)alkynyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkenyl;

N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino-(lower)alkyl;

triazolylamino(lower)alkyl;

lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)alkyl;

N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino-(lower)alkyl;

hydroxy(lower)alkyl;

lower alkylsulfonyloxy(lower)alkyl;

phenyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkanoyl, amino, lower alkanoylamino,

di(lower)alkylaminocarbonyl or nitro;

lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkylcarbonyl;

lower alkanoylbenzoyl;

benzoyl(lower)alkyl which has lower alkyl, chlorine or di(lower)alkylamino;

benzoyl(lower)alkyl which has halogen and lower alkyl;

dihalobenzoyl(lower)alkyl;

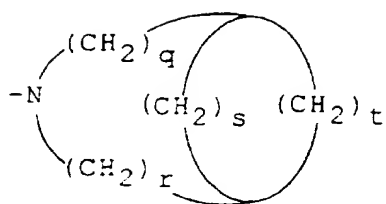
di(lower)alkylbenzoyl(lower)alkyl;

3-fluorobenzoyl(lower)alkyl;

3-(4-fluorobenzoyl)propyl;

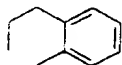
4,4-ethylenedioxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl;

piperazinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl which has
cyclopentyl or halophenyl;
(2-pyridyl)(lower)alkyl;
(3-pyridyl)propyl;
5 (3-pyridyl)(lower)alkynyl;
imidazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
pyrazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
thiomorpholinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl;
(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonyl(lower)alkyl; or
10 thienylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkynyl,
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(lower)alkyl, 4,5,6,7-
tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)alkyl,
15 saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkenyl,
saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl,
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl or
20 saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl [wherein
"saturated heterocyclic moiety" is saturated 3 to
8-membered heteromonocyclic group containing 1 to 4
nitrogen atom(s);
saturated 3 to 8-membered heteromonocyclic group
25 containing 1 or 2 oxygen atom(s) and 1 to 3
nitrogen atom(s);
saturated 3 to 8-membered heteromonocyclic group
containing 1 or 2 sulfur atom(s) and 1 to 3
nitrogen atom(s); or
30 saturated heterocyclic group of the formula :



(wherein q, r, s and t are each integer of 1 to 6)],

10 each of which may have 1 to 3 suitable
substituent(s) selected from the group consisting
of cyclo(lower)alkyl, lower alkanoyl, lower alkyl,
mono(or di or tri)halo(lower)alkyl, lower alkoxy,
15 lower alkoxy(lower)alkyl, halogen, C₆-C₁₀ aryl,
cyano, oxo and bivalent group of the formula :



3. The compound of claim 2, in which

20 Y is lower alkylene,

R¹ is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 mono(or di or
tri)halo(lower)alkyl,

25 R² is phenyl, naphthyl or indolyl, each of which may
have 1 or 2 suitable substituent(s) selected from
the group consisting of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy,
mono(or di or tri)halo(lower)alkyl and halogen,

R³ is hydrogen, and

R⁴ is chloro(lower)alkenyl;

chloro(lower)alkynyl;

30 pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkenyl;

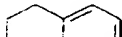
N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino-
(lower)alkyl;

triazolylamino(lower)alkyl;

35 lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)alkyl;

N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino-(lower)alkyl;
hydroxy(lower)alkyl;
lower alkylsulfonyloxy(lower)alkyl;
5 phenyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkanoyl, amino, lower alkanoylamino, di(lower)alkylaminocarbonyl or nitro; lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkylcarbonyl; lower alkanoylbenzoyl;
10 benzoyl(lower)alkyl which has lower alkyl, chlorine or di(lower)alkylamino; benzoyl(lower)alkyl which has halogen and lower alkyl; dihalobenzoyl(lower)alkyl;
15 di(lower)alkylbenzoyl(lower)alkyl; 3-fluorobenzoyl(lower)alkyl; 3-(4-fluorobenzoyl)propyl; 4,4-ethylenedioxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl; piperazinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl which has
20 cyclopentyl or halophenyl; (2-pyridyl)(lower)alkyl; (3-pyridyl)propyl; (3-pyridyl)(lower)alkynyl; imidazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
25 pyrazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl; thiomorpholinylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl; (3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonyl(lower)alkyl; or thienylcarbonyl(lower)alkyl, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkyl,
30 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkynyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(lower)alkyl, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)alkyl, saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkyl, saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkenyl,
35 saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl,

saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl,
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl or
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl [wherein
"saturated heterocyclic moiety" is pyrrolidinyl,
5 piperidyl, piperazinyl, hexamethyleneimino,
morpholinyl, homomorpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl or
3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl], each of which may
have 1 or 2 suitable substituent(s) selected from
the group consisting of cyclo(lower)alkyl, lower
10 alkanoyl, lower alkyl, mono(or di or
tri)halo(lower)alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower
alkoxy(lower)alkyl, halogen, phenyl, cyano, oxo and
bivalent group of the formula : 

- 15 4. The compound of claim 3, in which
Y is lower alkylene,
R¹ is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 mono(or di or
tri)halo(lower)alkyl,
R² is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 suitable
20 substituent(s) selected from the group consisting
of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, mono(or di or
tri)halo(lower)alkyl and halogen, naphthyl or
indolyl,
R³ is hydrogen, and
25 R⁴ is (2-pyridyl)(lower)alkyl;
(3-pyridyl)propyl;
(3-pyridyl)(lower)alkynyl;
imidazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
pyrazolyl(lower)alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
30 pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;
pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkenyl;
N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino-
(lower)alkyl;
triazolylamino(lower)alkyl;
35 lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

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bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino(lower)alkyl;
N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]-
amino(lower)alkyl;
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkyl;
5 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl(lower)alkynyl;
1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl(lower)alkyl; or
4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)-
alkyl.

- 10 5. The compound of claim 3, in which
Y is lower alkylene,
R¹ is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 mono(or di or
tri)halo(lower)alkyl,
R² is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 suitable
15 substituent(s) selected from the group consisting
of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, mono(or di or
tri)halo(lower)alkyl and halogen, naphthyl or
indolyl,
R³ is hydrogen, and
20 R⁴ is morpholinyl(lower)alkyl which may have 1 or 2
lower alkyl;
homomorpholinyl(lower)alkyl;
thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkyl;
(hexamethyleneimino)(lower)alkyl;
25 (3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)(lower)alkyl;
piperazinyl(lower)alkyl which may have phenyl or
cyclo(lower)alkyl;
morpholinyl(lower)alkenyl which may have 1 or 2
lower alkyl;
30 morpholinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have 1 or 2
lower alkyl, lower alkoxy(lower)alkyl or mono(or di
or tri)halo(lower)alkyl;
thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkenyl;
thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkynyl;
35 pyrrolidinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have lower

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alkoxy(lower)alkyl;
piperazinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have cyclo-
(lower)alkyl;
morpholinylamino(lower)alkyl;
5 morpholinylamino(lower)alkenyl;
morpholinylamino(lower)alkynyl;
[spiro[indan-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-yl](lower)alkyl;
piperidyl(lower)alkyl which has phenyl, lower
alkoxy, lower alkanoyl, piperidyl or oxo; or
10 piperidyl(lower)alkyl which has phenyl and cyano.

6. The compound of claim 5, in which

Y is lower alkylene,

15 R¹ is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 mono(or di or tri)-
halo(lower)alkyl,

20 R² is phenyl which may have 1 or 2 suitable
substituent(s) selected from the group consisting
of lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, mono(or di or
tri)halo(lower)alkyl and halogen, naphthyl or
indolyl,

R³ is hydrogen, and

R⁴ is morpholinyl(lower)alkyl which may have 1 or 2
methyl;

homomorpholinyl(lower)alkyl;

25 thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkyl;

(hexamethyleneimino)(lower)alkyl;

(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)(lower)alkyl;

piperazinyl(lower)alkyl which has phenyl or
cyclohexyl;

30 morpholinyl(lower)alkenyl which may have 1 or 2
methyl;

morpholinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have 1 or 2
methyl, methoxymethyl or fluoromethyl;

thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkenyl;

35 thiomorpholinyl(lower)alkynyl;

pyrrolidinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have methoxymethyl;

piperazinyl(lower)alkynyl which may have cyclohexyl;

5 morpholinylamino(lower)alkyl;

morpholinylamino(lower)alkenyl;

morpholinylamino(lower)alkynyl;

[spiro[indan-1,4'-piperidine]-1'-yl](lower)alkyl;

10 piperidyl(lower)alkyl which has phenyl, methoxy, acetyl, piperidyl or oxo; or

piperidyl(lower)alkyl which has phenyl and cyano.

7. The compound of claim 6, in which

Y is methylene,

15 R¹ is bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl,

R² is phenyl or naphthyl, each of which may have 1 or 2 suitable substituent(s) selected from the group consisting of methyl, methoxy, trifluoromethyl and fluorine, or indolyl,

20 R³ is hydrogen, and

R⁴ is thiomorpholinyl(C₁-C₄)alkyl;

morpholinyl(C₂-C₄)alkenyl which may have 1 or 2 methyl;

25 morpholinyl(C₂-C₅)alkynyl which may have 1 or 2 methyl, methoxymethyl or fluoromethyl; or

morpholinylamino(C₁-C₄)alkyl.

8. The compound of claim 7, which is selected from the group consisting of

30

(1) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-(3-thiomorpholinopropyl)-piperazine,

(2) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-4-(4-morpholino-2-butylnyl)-2-(2-naphthylmethyl)-

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piperazine,

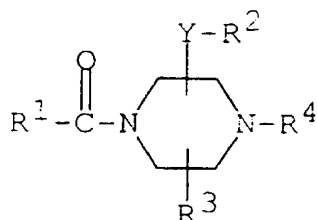
(3) (2R)-4-(4-Morpholino-2-butynyl)-1-[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)piperazine,

(4) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[3-(morpholinoamino)propyl]-piperazine and

(5) (2R)-1-[3,5-Bis(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl]-2-(3,4-dimethylbenzyl)-4-[(E)-4-morpholino-2-butenyl]-piperazine,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

9. A process for the preparation of compound of the following general formula :



wherein

Y is bond or lower alkylene,

R¹ is aryl which may have suitable substituent(s),

R² is aryl or indolyl each of which may have suitable substituent(s),

R³ is hydrogen or lower alkyl,

R⁴ is chloro(lower)alkenyl;

chloro(lower)alkynyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkyl;

pyridyl(lower)alkylamino(lower)alkenyl;

N-(lower alkyl)-N-[pyridyl(lower)alkyl]amino-

(lower) alkyl;
triazolylamino (lower) alkyl;
lower alkoxy (lower) alkylamino (lower) alkyl;
bis[(lower) alkoxy (lower) alkyl]amino (lower) alkyl;
5 N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower) alkoxy (lower) alkyl]amino-
(lower) alkyl;
hydroxy (lower) alkyl;
lower alkylsulfonyloxy (lower) alkyl;
phenyl (lower) alkyl which may have lower alkanoyl,
10 amino, lower alkanoylamino,
di(lower) alkylaminocarbonyl or nitro;
lower alkoxyphenyl (lower) alkylcarbonyl;
lower alkanoylbenzoyl;
benzoyl (lower) alkyl which has lower alkyl, chlorine
15 or di(lower) alkylamino;
benzoyl (lower) alkyl which has halogen and
lower alkyl;
dihalobenzoyl (lower) alkyl;
di(lower) alkylbenzoyl (lower) alkyl;
20 3-fluorobenzoyl (lower) alkyl;
3-(4-fluorobenzoyl)propyl;
4,4-ethylenedioxy-4-(4-fluorophenyl)butyl;
piperazinylcarbonyl (lower) alkyl which has
cyclopentyl or halophenyl;
25 (2-pyridyl) (lower) alkyl;
(3-pyridyl)propyl;
(3-pyridyl) (lower) alkynyl;
imidazolyl (lower) alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
pyrazolyl (lower) alkyl which may have lower alkyl;
30 thiomorpholinylcarbonyl (lower) alkyl;
(3-azabicyclo[3.2.2]non-3-yl)carbonyl (lower) alkyl; or
thienylcarbonyl (lower) alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl (lower) alkyl,
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl (lower) alkynyl,
35 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl (lower) alkyl,

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4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl(lower)-alkyl,

saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkyl,

saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkenyl,

saturated heterocyclic(lower)alkynyl,

saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkyl,

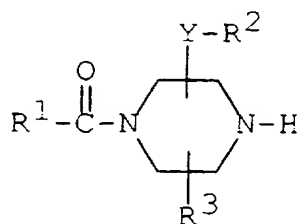
saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkenyl or

saturated heterocyclicamino(lower)alkynyl, each of which may have suitable substituent(s), or

a salt thereof,

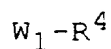
which comprises

(1) reacting a compound of the formula :

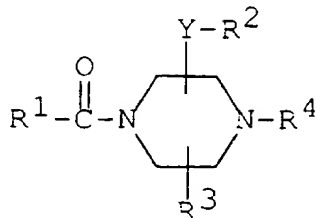


or its reactive derivative at the imino group

or a salt thereof with a compound of the formula :



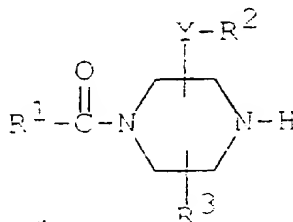
or a salt thereof to provide a compound of the formula :



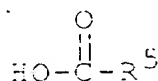
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or a salt thereof, in the above formulas,
 Y , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 are each as defined above, and
 W_1 is a leaving group, or

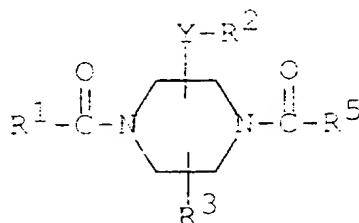
5 (2) reacting a compound of the formula :



or its reactive derivative at the imino group
 or a salt thereof with a compound of the formula :



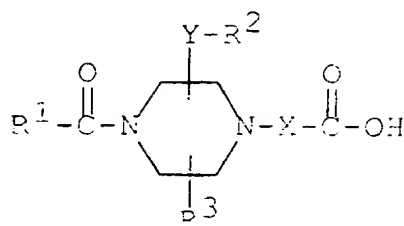
or its reactive derivative at the carboxy group
 or a salt thereof to provide a compound of the formula :



or a salt thereof, in the above formulas,
 Y , R^1 , R^2 and R^3 are each as defined above, and
 R^5 is lower alkoxyphenyl(lower)alkyl or lower
 alkanoylphenyl, or

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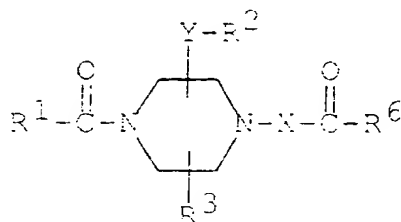
(3) reacting a compound of the formula :



or its reactive derivative at the carboxy group
or a salt thereof with a compound of the formula :



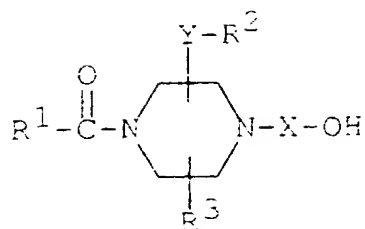
or a salt thereof to provide a compound of the formula :



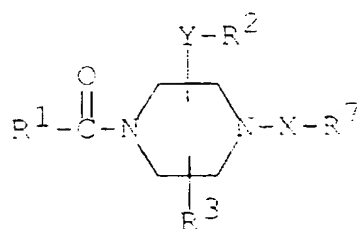
or a salt thereof, in the above formulas,
Y, R¹, R² and R³ are each as defined above,
X is lower alkylene, and
R⁶ is piperazinyl which has cyclopentyl or halophenyl;
or thiomorpholinyl, or

(4) subjecting a compound of the formula :

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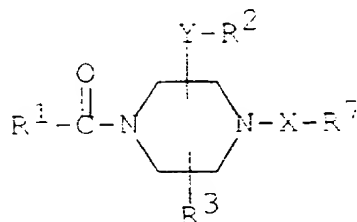


or a salt thereof to an acylation reaction to provide a compound of the formula :



or a salt thereof, in the above formulas,
 X, Y, R¹, R² and R³ are each as defined above, and
 R⁷ is acyloxy, or

(5) reacting a compound of the formula :

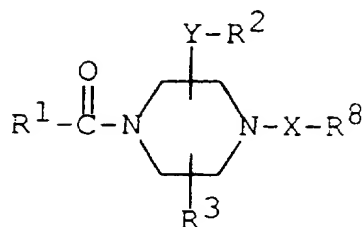


or a salt thereof with a compound of the formula :



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or a salt thereof to provide a compound of the formula :



or a salt thereof, in the above formulas,
 X, Y, R¹, R² and R³ are each as defined above, and
 R⁸ is pyridyl(lower)alkylamino;

N-(lower alkyl)-N-{pyridyl(lower)alkyl}amino;
 triazolylamino; morpholinoamino;

lower alkoxy(lower)alkylamino;

bis[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino;

N-(lower alkyl)-N-[(lower)alkoxy(lower)alkyl]amino;

imidazolyl; pyrazolyl; or

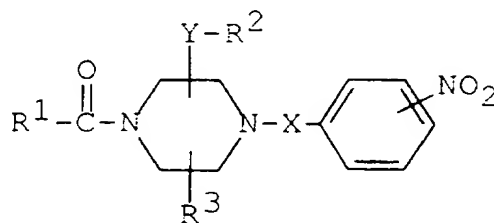
1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridyl,

1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolyl,

4,5,6,7-tetrahydrothieno[3,2-c]pyridinyl or

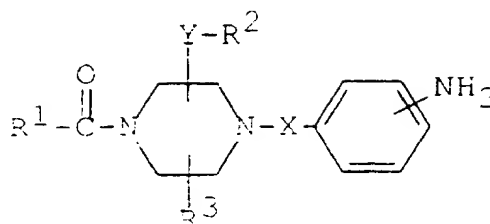
saturated heterocyclic, each of which may have
 suitable substituent(s), or

(6) subjecting a compound of the formula :



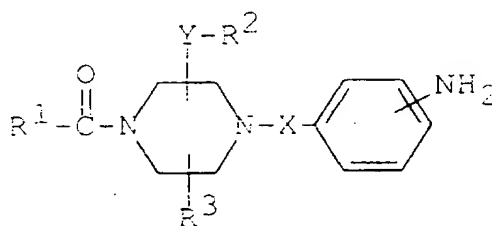
127

or a salt thereof to a reduction reaction to provide a compound of the formula :

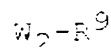


or a salt thereof, in the above formulas,
X, Y, R¹, R² and R³ are each as defined above, or

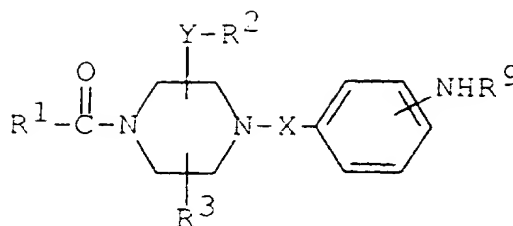
(7) reacting a compound of the formula :



or a salt thereof with a compound of the formula :



or a salt thereof to provide a compound of the formula :



- 5
- 10 or a salt thereof, in the above formulas,
 X, Y, R¹, R² and R³ are each as defined above,
 W₂ is a leaving group, and
 R⁹ is lower alkanoyl.
- 15 10. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises, as an
 active ingredient, a compound of claim 1 or a
 pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in admixture
 with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers.
- 20 11. A use of a compound of claim 1 as a medicament.
12. A method for treating or preventing Tachykinin-mediated
 diseases which comprises administering an effective
 amount of a compound of claim 1 or a pharmaceutically
 25 acceptable salt thereof to human being or animals.
13. A compound of claim 1 for use as a medicament.
14. Use of a compound of claim 1 for manufacture of a
 30 medicament for treating or preventing Tachykinin-
 mediated diseases.
- 35

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.
JP 96/03641

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 C07D241/04 C07D403/04 C07D403/06 C07D403/12 C07D403/14
C07D405/14 C07D417/14

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 6 C07D A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0 655 442 A (FUJISAWA PHARMACEUTICAL CO. LTD.) 31 May 1995 cited in the application see claims; examples ---	1-3,9-14
A	WO 94 13646 A (MERCK & CO. INC.) 23 June 1994 see claims; examples ---	1-14
A	EP 0 512 901 A (ELF SANOFI) 11 November 1992 see claims; examples ---	1-14
A	GB 2 271 774 A (MERCK SHARP & DOHME LTD.) 27 April 1994 see whole document ---	1-14
	-/-	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

& document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

3 March 1997

Date of mailing of the international search report

09.04.97

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Authorized officer

Helps, I

M. Helps

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.
PCT/JP 96/03641

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
P,X	WO 96 37489 A (FUJISAWA PHARMACEUTICAL CO. LTD.) 28 November 1996 see whole document -----	1-14

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP 96/03641

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
**Remark: Although claim(s) 12
is(are) directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal
body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged
effects of the compound/composition.**
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such
an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all
searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment
of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report
covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is
restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/JP 96/03641

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP 655442 A	31-05-95	AU 7911194 A CA 2136712 A CN 1107149 A HU 71348 A JP 7242641 A ZA 9409228 A BR 9500539 A	08-06-95 30-05-95 23-08-95 28-11-95 19-09-95 01-08-95 31-10-95
WO 9413646 A	23-06-94	US 5344830 A AU 5603094 A	06-09-94 04-07-94
EP 512901 A	11-11-92	FR 2676055 A AU 652046 B AU 1591692 A CA 2067877 A FI 951242 A FI 951243 A JP 5186425 A NO 178573 B NZ 242586 A US 5340822 A	06-11-92 11-08-94 05-11-92 04-11-92 16-03-95 16-03-95 27-07-93 15-01-96 26-10-95 23-08-94
GB 2271774 A	27-04-94	NONE	
WO 9637489 A	28-11-96	AU 5703196 A ZA 9604101 A	11-12-96 29-07-96